

# THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

VOL. XV., NO. 4488

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1899.

PRICE 2 CENTS

## Are You Afflicted With Rupture?

If so you can be PERMANENTLY CURED without any loss of time from business. This means that you will discard your truss forever. No money required until cure is effected. All information regarding method of treatment will be cheerfully given by

**M. C. WILEY, M. D.,**  
**AMERICAN RUPTURE CURE CO.,**  
2 MARKET ST., PORTSMOUTH.  
OFFICE HOURS:—9 to 11 A. M., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M. SUNDAYS 10 to 12 A. M.

## BICYCLE AND GOLF SUITS.

Now have the call and nowhere can a better assortment be found than right here in our store.

We make a specialty of club uniforms and special suits. Nearly all the clubs in and about this city have been supplied from our stock.

Largest line of Golf Hose, Belts, Caps and Sundries.

## HENRY PEYSER & SON

## A NEW HARNESS.

You Can Get One Made To Order At

**JOHN S. TILTON'S**  
That Will Please You.

Repairing Attended to Promptly.

## GOLF GOODS, LAWN TENNIS

AND

## BASE BALL OUTFITS.

## A. P. Wendell & Co.

IF YOU ONCE WEAR  
**THE AURORA KID BUTTON SHOE**

You Will Wear No Other,  
- Price, \$3.00, -  
EQUAL TO ANY \$3.50 OR \$4.00 SHOE

**GREEN & GOULD** Sole Agents.  
6 & 8 Congress Street.

It is worth seeing our miniature and complete working shoe factory. The finest machinery built.

We do all kinds of repairing at short notice.

## ADMIRAL HICHBORN

The Victory Over Spain Due to His Great Skill More Than to Any Other.

It Was He Who Designed the Warships, Making Them Unmatchable in Conflict.

THE MAN WHOM THE PEOPLE LOVE AND ADMIRE.—PORTSMOUTH'S TRUE FRIEND.

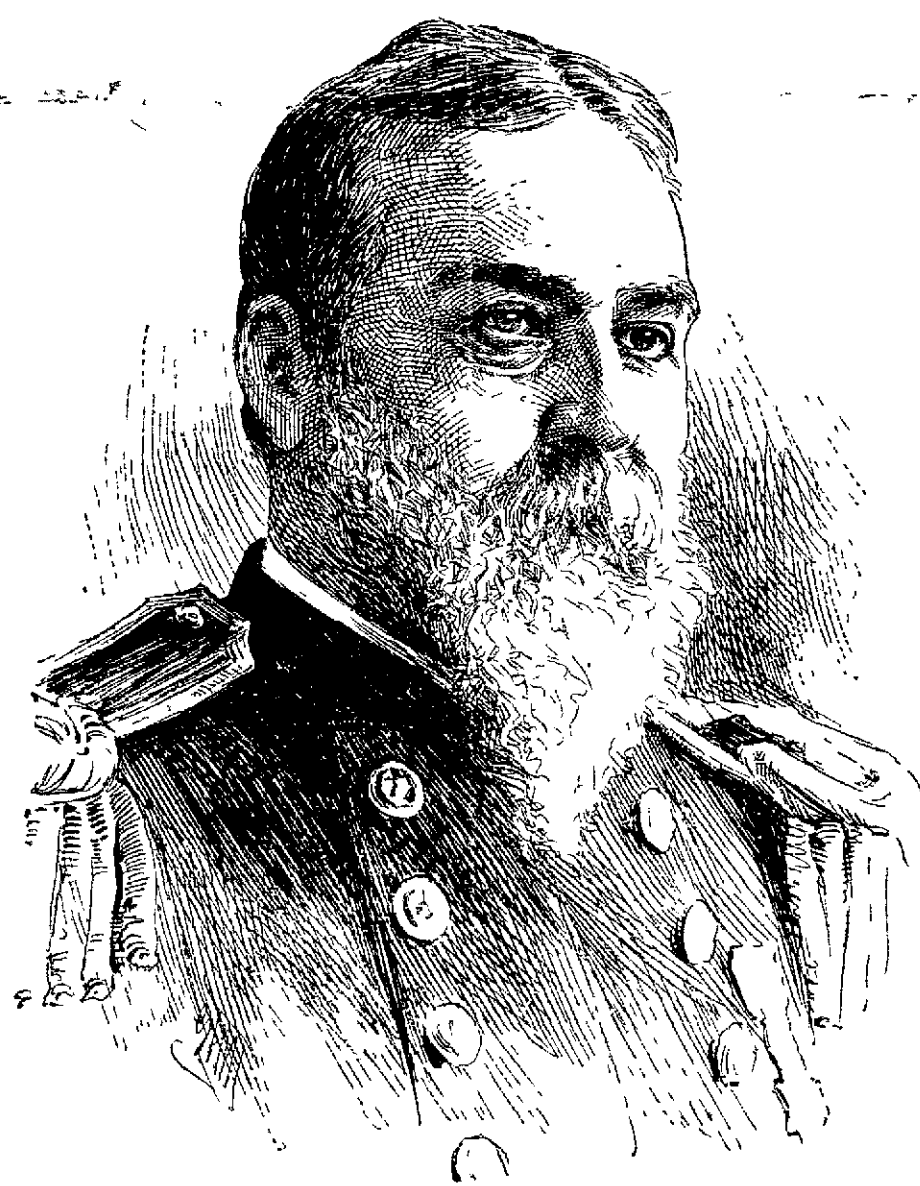
No officer in the United States navy has reached higher honors in the minds of the American people, as a result of the recent war with Spain and the magnificent work done by our navy, than Rear Admiral Philip Hichborn, chief of the bureau of construction and repair. It was he who planned the ships and personally directed their construction. All the modern appliances and the introduction of fire-proof wood were the work of Admiral Hichborn.

He had built the warships which the Americans manned and fought and no man today stands higher in the estimation of the people than he.

If the people had their way there would be practically but one bureau in the navy department at Washington, and that one would be headed by Admiral Hichborn, with the other bureau chiefs subject to his orders.

Of all the men in the navy, Portsmouth people look to Admiral Hichborn as their true and greatest friend, and he has never failed them.

serving in the capacity of one of the ship's officers. From work in connection with the Pacific Mail company, Mr. Hichborn soon entered the employment of the government at the navy yard, Mare island, and rose in two years to the position of master shipwright of the station, a position that involved the direction of large numbers of men, and the complete control of the construction department of the yard during the absence of the naval constructor. In '61 he was tendered the appointment as assistant naval constructor but declined the honor as the salary allowance was much less than he received as master shipwright. In '69, however, he made application for an appointment and in May of the same year passed a severe examination and was duly appointed on June 26, as an assistant naval constructor, U. S. N., with the relative rank of Lieut. Mr. Hichborn's California days are full of bright and picturesque reminiscences of those early times in the history of that golden state,



REAR ADMIRAL PHILIP HICHBORN, U. S. N.

Rear Admiral Philip Hichborn, chief constructor, U. S. navy, was born in Charlestown, Mass., on the fourth day of March, 1839. In '55 he was graduated from the Boston high school, the now Hon. Samuel Pasco, senator from Florida, and Mr. Hichborn, being the only boys in the class.

From the Boston high school Mr. Hichborn was indentured to the government under the tuition of the late Melvin Simmons, U. S. N., then master shipwright of the Boston navy yard. While under instruction and in recognition of his merit, Secretary Toucy, then secretary of the navy, ordered that Hichborn receive a course of theoretical training. This two years' course was fruitful in remarkable progress in ship designing and calculations. Through steady application to the theoretical and practical phases of his profession, Mr. Hichborn reached, at an unusually early age, a degree of proficiency rarely attained.

In July of 1860, Melvin Simmons was appointed naval constructor and immediately ordered to the navy yard, Mare island, California. A little over a month later Mr. Hichborn, then twenty-one years old, left Boston in the clipper ship Dashing Wave for California,

and in those old Californians who knew him and who served with him and under him, no name is dearer than his, and no affection warmer than the lasting regard with which he is remembered.

From California he was ordered to the navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H., in 1870. The five years spent at that station were full of hard work, and many were the trying demands upon his ability. In 1875, after an unusual competitive examination, he received his commission as a naval constructor, marked No. 1. In the latter part of '75, Mr. Hichborn was detached from the navy yard, Portsmouth, and ordered to League island, Penn. At that time the old yard was being abandoned and the machinery, stores, ship houses, etc., were being transported to the new yard, League island. The larger part of this important work devolved upon the naval constructor as the representative of the construction plant of the yard. In '76 he also took a prominent and important part in the centennial exhibition. In June, 1884, he was selected by the secretary of the navy for special duty in Europe. His report upon European dockyards embodies the result of his investigations. This work has become a text book among the profession. Upon

## Delicious Hot Biscuit

are made with Royal Baking Powder, and are the most appetizing, healthful and nutritious of foods.

Hot biscuit made with impure and adulterated baking powder are neither appetizing nor wholesome.

It all depends upon the baking powder.

Take every care to have your biscuit made with Royal, which is a pure cream of tartar baking powder, if you would avoid indigestion.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Its first appearance much concern was manifested by foreign powers, for nothing so exhaustive or conclusive had been published or obtained before.

For six years Mr. Hichborn was a member of the board of inspection and survey, of which the late Admiral D. D. Porter was president. In '81 he was made a member of the first naval advisory board, and was prominently associated with all matters affecting the designing and construction of the new naval vessels. He was for many years a member of the Institution of Naval Architects in England and has recently been elected an honorary member of that body. In 1884 he was ordered to the navy department as assistant chief of bureau.

While Mr. Hichborn's lines have sometimes fallen into pleasant places, his duties have ever been arduous. Through his recognized and acknowledged ability he has been selected for multifarious duties.

Mr. Hichborn has devoted a good deal of time to literary work, chiefly upon subjects of a professional nature. His article upon "Sheathed or Unsheathed Ships," published in the proceedings of the Naval Institute, April, 1890, provoked editorial discussion in the leading and representative papers of this country. His advocacy of sheathing ships is rapidly gaining favor among the thinking men of the navy and all of the ships authorized by the last congress are to be sheathed and coppered.

Besides his professional and executive ability, Mr. Hichborn has a strong inventive turn of mind. A life of valuable usefulness has invariably characterized Mr. Hichborn's career. Truly may it be said that he is a self-made man, and has risen by his own exertions to the position of chief constructor of the U. S. navy.

### A NARROW ESCAPE.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Bart, of Groton, S. D.: "Was taken with a bad cold which settled in my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at the Globe Grocery Co.'s store. Regular size 50c, and \$1.00. Guaranteed or price refunded.

BRECHAM'S PILLS cure sick headache.

### JUNE LAW TERM.

Court Began Its Summer Session in Concord Yesterday.

Concord, June 6.—The June law term of the supreme court opened in this city today and it will continue for the remainder of the week. During the day the session was attended by many prominent attorneys. The court came in this morning shortly before 11 o'clock and the full bench was present. Prayer was offered by the Rev. H. P. Dewey of the South Congregational church. The marching of the docket followed. Twenty cases are marked for hearing, the others to be submitted as briefs or will be continued.

The hearings are taken in order and Rockingham county was first on the list. The first hearing was the case of Attorney General Eastman vs. Edward S. Folsom. Mr. Eastman appeared for the plaintiff and John P. Bartlett for the defendant. The second case to be heard orally was Albert M. P. Pearson vs. Joseph L. Gooch, G. K. and J. T. Bartlett and William H. Drury appeared for the plaintiff, and Arthur O. Fuller, H. A. Shute and J. S. H. Frink represented the defendant. This is a controversy over an assignee. The third orally heard case was Nathan Smith, Ida P. Trickey and Ella A. Norris vs. the town of Epping. This was a question relative to the loan of money and the amount of authority vested in town agents. Edwin G. Eastman and Aaron L. Mellows appeared for the plaintiff, and J. S. H. Frink, William H. Drury, John T. Bartlett and Joseph F. Wiggin appeared for the defendant. An interesting case that was presented today was marked Annie A. E. Marton vs. the Strafford Savings bank. This is a Strafford county case. Frank C.

Fernald was the attorney for the plaintiff, J. S. H. Frink and Arthur G. Whittemore appearing for the defendant. This is a controversy over the liability of a married woman, wherein an attempt is made to have restored to the plaintiff certain real estate that was taken by the bank to discharge indebtedness of her husband.

### WILL NOT HOLD A MUSTER.

The regular monthly meeting of the Veteran Firemen was held Tuesday evening when the question of holding a muster here on the Fourth of July, was brought up. The matter was talked over at length and after the discussion it was decided that being so late now it was not feasible to have a muster this year. After other routine business the meeting adjourned.

### BLUE JACKET INJURED.

H. A. Nelson, boatswain's mate on the U. S. S. Raleigh, had his leg broke while at work on that vessel on Monday afternoon. He was assisting in unloading the big guns when his leg got tangled in the ropes and threw him heavily to the deck. The navy yard ambulance took him to the hospital on Tuesday morning for treatment.

### WENTWORTH HOUSE BRIDGE CLOSED.

Wentworth house bridge will be closed on May 25th until further notice. Extensive repairs are to be made to this structure.

Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itchiness of the skin in any part of the body; Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.



## Queen Quality,

The Famous Shoe For Women For Street, Dress, Home and Outing.

### STRONG POINTS IN QUEEN QUALITY SHOES.

They fit where others fail. They are always correct in style. They give a slender, pretty look to the foot. They are easy the first day; require no breaking in. They are light, yet durable. They retain their shape.

SOLD BY  
**C. F. DUNCAN**

Oxford \$2.50 Shoes \$3.00







## IT THE WHITE HOUSE.

President and Military Advisers Hold a Conference.

ADVICES TO GENERAL OTIS.

Question of Sending More Men to the Philippines Was Among the Matters Which Were Discussed.

Conference is Called Immediately After Receipt of Cablegram From Gen. Otis—Active Operations to be Continued in the Philippines by Our Forces, Regardless of Rainy Season.

Washington, June 6.—President McKinley had a conference with Acting Secretary of War McKittrick and Adj. Gen. Corbin which lasted nearly four hours. They were summoned to the White House suddenly, after news from Manila had been received. It is understood that the question of sending more troops to the Philippines was among the matters considered. Active operations in the Philippines will be continued by the American troops notwithstanding the rainy season and plans for conducting an aggressive campaign were thoroughly discussed.

What these plans are the War Department officials refuse absolutely to make public. "They relate to future operations and will of course not be divulged," said Assistant Secretary McKittrick.

He was asked if the conference in any way related to the proposed operations and he replied affirmatively. It is learned, however, that Gen. Otis several days ago decided upon a plan of campaign. This he sent by cable to the War Department and Secretary McKittrick.

Gen. Otis outlined the movement made against the natives on the peninsula of Morong. His plan was to surround the forces of Gen. Pio del Pilar and drive them into Morong peninsula, where they could not escape.

This was a part of a general plan or a continuation of active operations in the Philippines. Commissioned by Manila about the result of the movements of Gen. Hale and Lawton, a conference was held to discuss the situation with reference to future operations, plans for which have been submitted by Gen. Otis.

Secretary Hay's presence at the conference was due to the receipt of a message from President Schurman of the Philippines. Commissioned by Manila about the result of the movements of Gen. Hale and Lawton, a conference was held to discuss the situation with reference to future operations, plans for which have been submitted by Gen. Otis.

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## MEAT INDUSTRY HURT

The Charges Concerning Army Contracts Knock Out Exports.

Washington, June 6.—"It will be a long time before the American meat packers recover from the lull and cry over the canned beef furnished the United States Army," said Secretary Wilson of the Department of Agriculture. "After years of unremitting efforts the packers had at last succeeded in introducing our canned meats to the European trade, and there was no country where they could not be found, and they were in use in most of the armies. As soon as the lull was set up that these same packers had furnished rotten beef to the American armies there sales went down to nothing, and now they have all their work to do over again. It will be doubly hard this time, because they will not only have to overcome the original prejudice against American meat, but they will have to disprove the almost every claim to the satisfaction of the individual buyer, that there was no foundation in the charge."

Cocheco National Bank Closed.

Dover, N. H., June 6.—The Cocheco National Bank closed its doors owing to the discovery made by the National Bank Examiner that a shortage existed in its accounts and to the fact that the clerk, Harry Hough, who is also Treasurer of the Cocheco Savings Bank, had disappeared. A warrant was issued for Hough's arrest. It alleges an embezzlement of \$3,000 from the savings bank. Treasurer Hough was last seen at the Boston and Maine station with a grip sack in his hand at 6:20 A. M. on Sunday, and it is believed he took the train for Boston. When he left home he told his wife that he was going to Boston to raise some money. The National Bank is believed to be the heavier loser of the two. National Bank Examiner E. H. Carroll says that the defalcation appears at present to be \$24,000, but that it may be much larger.

Started to Drown Her Children.

Kansas City, Mo., June 6.—Mary Brant, while taking her three children down to the Missouri River, to bathe, was overtaken by the police. She is a negro, and had been ill for nearly two years. She had no money and she could not work, so she thought it would be best to drown the children. She was walking in the direction of the Kaw River when Lieut. Ahrens and Officer Carr arrested her. A crowd of 200 negroes and white men were following her, but none had offered to save the children. On two occasions Brant tried to kill her children, once with a hatchet and once with a knife. She will be sent to an asylum.

Bella Anderson Breaking Down.

Elizabeth, N. J., June 6.—Bella Anderson, the nurse girl who kidnapped Marion Clarke, is on the brink of complete collapse with fear and nervousness. She has lost all appetite and is unable to sleep for more than a few minutes at a time.

Attempt to Kill a Family With Dynamite.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 6.—The store and residence of Joseph Schenck, at Edwardsville, was destroyed by dynamite and Schenck, his wife and four children were slightly injured. The entire side of the building was blown out, and the force of the explosion shattered the windows of several adjoining houses. The explosion was evidently the result of a purpose to kill the entire family. There is no clue to the perpetrators.

Frank Fossett Demands Bail.

Port Worth, Tex., June 6.—Habeas corpus proceedings were had in the Seventeenth District Court here on bond of Frank Fossett, who killed Doc Carver, ball having been refused by Justice Bledsoe. The case was heard, without his decision. If bail is refused the case will be taken before the higher courts. The defendant is quite wealthy, and proposes fighting for his liberty to the last.

World's Fair Boom.

Kansas City, Mo., June 6.—David R. Francis, ex-Governor of Missouri, and recognized as the moving spirit in the Louisiana purchase centennial celebration to be held in St. Louis in 1903, was given a splendid reception here. This starts the boom in Kansas City for the celebration in earnest, and hereafter this city may be counted on to do its part in this undertaking for the advancement of Missouri and the great West.

Norris' Sentence Commuted.

Jefferson City, Mo., June 6.—Gov. Stephens has commuted the sentence of Ed Norris from ten years in the penitentiary to four years without the benefit of the three fourths law. Norris was convicted at the June term, 1895, of the Boone County Circuit Court, of murder in the second degree. The commutation was recommended on the ground that the sentence was excessive.

Died in Sleeping Car Berth.

Pittsburg, Penn., June 6.—George F. Adams, of the firm of Adams & Williams, lumber manufacturers, Indianapolis, while on the way to New York with Mrs. Adams, died on a Pan-Handle train between Coshocton and this city. He was 55 years old, and had suffered from heart trouble.

Palmer Says He Is All Right.

Chicago, June 6.—Potter Palmer has returned from abroad. He expresses entire satisfaction with the engagement of Miss Julia Dent Grant to the Prince Camille, the rich young Russian nobleman. "He is a fine chap," Mr. Palmer said, "and a democratic sort of person, full of Americanism."

Operative Star Divorced.

Fargo, N. D., June 6.—Nellie Bergen, the opera singer, who secured a divorce here, is to marry Dr. Wolf Hopper, the operative comedian.

Dr. Knapp Stricken Blind.

Medina, Ohio, June 6.—Dr. Knapp, of York, this county, while visiting his son, was stricken with total blindness. Mr. Knapp is 85 years old.

## FACTS AND FICTION.

Experiences of Portsmouth Citizens are Easily Proven to be Facts.

Outside testimony is apt to be a source of romance. The most superficial investigation will prove that the following statement from a resident of Portsmouth is true. Read what she says and compare the evidence from Portsmouth people with the testimony published in this paper from outside places. It is such evidence that has placed Doan's Kidney Pills in the front rank of proprietary articles stamped as a remedy which does exactly as represented.

Mrs. Harry A. Muchmore, of No. 11 Richmond street, says: "I noticed in a local paper an order made by Doan's Kidney Pills to cure such cases as mine and I sent to F. H. Brock's pharmacy for a box. They did me a world of good and I took them immediately after I began taking them. They really stopped the pain and drove away the lameness. I think them very superior medicine and I would recommend them to one."

It is such evidence that starts the public and convinces that part of it who read or who listen while others read. It is such testimony that places the old Quaker remedy in the van of kidney remedies and it is such cures daily made and reported that keep it there.

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

## FACTS AND FIGURES.

Field rats are esteemed as a table delicacy in Cuba.

Wooden legs are used by over 1,000,000 English-speaking men.

The Sandwich Islanders estimate the beauty of women by their weight.

About 170,000 umbrellas are left in London public conveyances every year.

There are more than 40,000 mad cabins in Ireland which contain only a single room.

Thursday Island, in the Torres Straits, exports \$500,000 worth of mother-of-pearl annually.

Japanese do not care much for novels. Among 27,000 new books printed last year only 462 were works of fiction.

Among the 3,405 newspapers printed in Germany, 68 are in foreign languages including 39 Polish, 19 Danish and seven French journals.

In Germany new houses are being supplied with floors made of compressed paper. They are soft to step on, and having no cracks of any kind harbor no dust.

In Fiji there is a curious sea worm which arrives in myriads on the coast on a certain day. The waters are so full of them as to resemble vermicelli soup. After laying their eggs nothing is left of them but empty skins.

The weights and measures of students before and after examination have been made the subject of recent investigation. In high classes, where naturally the examination was most felt, several pounds were lost, showing how the mental strain was felt. In lower classes the loss was not so great.

Tobacco was discovered in San Domingo in 1499; in Yucatan, by the Spaniards, in 1520. It was introduced into France in 1560, and into England in 1589.

What is probably the most venerable piece of furniture in existence is now in the British Museum. It is the throne of Queen Hatshepsut, who reigned in the Nile Valley some 1,600 years before Christ.

A German biologist says that the two sides of a face are never alike; in two cases out of five the eyes are out of line; one eye is stronger than the other in seven persons out of ten; and the right ear is generally higher than the left.

Some of the wooden churches of Norway are fully 700 years old, and are still in an excellent state of preservation. Their timber has naturally resisted the frosty and almost Arctic winters because they have been repeatedly coated with tar.

The fact that skeleton remains of elephants are so rarely found in any part of Africa is explained by an explorer who states that as soon as the bones become brittle from climatic influences they are eaten in lieu of salt by various ruminant animals.

One of the strangest streams in the world is in East Africa. It flows in the crevice of the sea, but never reaches it. Just north of the equator, and when only a few miles from the Indian Ocean, it flows into a desert, when it suddenly and completely disappears.

War correspondents were employed as far back as the time of Edward II. Scribes, specially commissioned, were sent up with the English army which invaded Scotland at that time. But, incredible as it may sound, not one of the London newspapers was specially represented at the battle of Waterloo.

Silicic acid crystals or "carbomanducum," as it is called, is to a great extent to replace diamonds in the production of finely graduated scales. Small, flat hexagonal crystals are chosen, from one-half to one millimeter in size. They are mounted in a steel holder by means of a drop of shellac. It is stated that the lines are much more even than those produced by a diamond. They have been examined and magnified fifty times and found to be still sharply defined.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retention of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by George Hill Drug-gist Portsmouth, N. H.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all-pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty five cents a bottle.

Mothers lose their dread for "that terrible second summer" when they have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the house. Nature's specific for bowel complaints of every sort.

## TERRIFIC FIGHTING.

Five Hundred of Lawton's Men Were Wounded.

FILIPINOS CUT THE WIRES.

Hospital Ships Have Returned to Manila With the Disabled and Heat-Stricken Men From the Field.

Impossible for American Troops to Maintain a Complete Cordón Across Country—Lieut. Gibbs Saves Small Detachment From Capture—Morong Taken by Our Men After Hard Fight.

Manila, June 6.—Hospital ships have returned to this city with 500 men wounded and heat-stricken from Lawton's brigade now advancing on the Morong peninsula.

The fighting has been severe. It was impossible to maintain a complete cordón across the country and the Filipinos got past our lines and cut the telegraph wires in the Mateo Valley so often that the signal corps had to abandon them. Communication from Lawton is kept up by way of Pasig.

Transportation had to be abandoned, and even the Signal-Service wagons. Five Chinese carriers with the Signal Service detachment, and Sgt. Wadski, with a party, were cut off and only saved from capture by the prompt action of Lieut. Gibbs.

Battery G, of the First Artillery, was unable to proceed and had to burn its wagons, to prevent them falling into the enemy's hands.

Manila, June 6.—Two battalions of the Washington troops, under Col. Whalley, on board cascos, were towed under cover to Morong, where they landed under cover of a well-directed fire from the "tinian" army gunboats Napidan and Coradonga.

The rebels, who were entrenched in the outskirts of the town, reserved their fire until the troops were ashore and in the open. The American Artillery opened fire on the insurgents and drove them from their position, killing nine of them and wounding five. The Washington troops then took its town, the rebels fleeing to the hills.

While the Americans were on their way to Morong the insurgents opened fire from a shore battery at Anconia, their first shot striking the Coradonga's awning aft at a range of 3,500 yards. The Napidan also was fired at.

Twelve Deaths at Manila.

Washington, June 6.—Gen. Otis reports the following deaths since his last weekly report:

Typhoid fever, May 27, William Donsley, private, C, First Cavalry; 28, Fred Krueger, private, K, Third Infantry; Cerebro spinal meningitis, 28, Charles Karger, private, M, Third Infantry; Strangulated hernia, James Mercort, private, P, Fourth Infantry; Alcoholism, 27, Patrick Byrne, private, L, Twentieth Infantry; Suppurative typhitis, 28, Edward Paterson, private, C, Third Infantry; Suppurative tonsillitis, 28, Lyman Kelsey, private, D Second Oregon; Varicella, Edward A. Campbell, private, F, Fourteenth Infantry; Suicide, 21, Thomas Rock, private, F, Twentieth Infantry; Dysentery, David L. Williams, private, First Montana; Drowned, accidental, June 3, Lawrence Geary, corporal, G, Twentieth Infantry; Drowned on duty, April 12, Frederick Grabow, private, F, Fourteenth Infantry.

Released Convict Rearrested.

Sing Sing, June 6.—Lewis Schwab, alias Lewis Shitzer, was discharged from Sing Sing prison after serving two years for grand larceny. He was sentenced by Recorder Goff. After Schwab had bided goodby to friends and relatives, he received money from the clerk, Detectives Frank Vinton and A. F. Schroeder of the Newark police force placed him under arrest and produced requisition papers for him to go with them to Newark, where he is wanted on a charge of bigamy.

Fierce Fire at Paterson.

Paterson, June 6.—Fire broke out at 265 and 267 Main street. The fire was discovered in the cellar of M. R. Sweeney's paint shop. It was a most obstinate fire to fight, and the two lower floors of the building, which is three stories high, were gutted. The office of Secretary of State George Wirtz was considerably damaged. Only the daring work of Policemen saved the occupants of the second floor. The policemen carried out the members of the two families just in time to save them from suffocation.

Two New Hamburg Banks Closed.

Dover, N. H., June 6.—The Cocheco Savings Bank of this city has been enjoined from paying out or receiving money, and a warrant was issued for the arrest of Harry Hough, the treasurer, who is charged with a shortage of \$3,500. The Cocheco National Bank has also closed its doors, and National Bank Examiner Carroll is expected to take charge of the national bank at once. Hough, besides being treasurer of the savings institution was paying teller of the national bank.

Six Firemen Hurt.

Philadelphia, June 6.—Frank P. McInnis' feed and grain store, Seventeenth street, above Chestnut, was destroyed by fire and six firemen were hurt. The injured are: Richard Berry, acting assistant chief; Edward Ralston, Harry Parker, Chris Daly, Patrick Mohanaw; James Dolan. The loss is estimated at \$25,000.

He Remains Near Home.

Lawrenceburg, Ind., June 6.—T. T. Elwell, aged 66, residing in Manchester, Tenn., three miles from here, has never been over 10 miles from where he was born, and never rode in a railway car, although living within sight of the track over which trains are almost hourly speeding.

She Wants Big Damages.

Louisville, Ky., June 6.—Mary H. Baker has sued William Beverman for \$10,000 for alleged breach of promise. She claims they were engaged to be married October 25 last, but that he failed to keep his troth.

## YELLOW FEVER CHECKED

Sanitary Condition of Cuba Better Than It Has Ever Been Before.

New Orleans, June 6.—Surgeon H. R. Carter of the United States Marine Hospital Service arrived here from Havana to take charge of the Government quarantine arrangements in the event of the appearance of yellow fever. He said that the sanitary condition of Cuba is better than ever before. A few cases of yellow fever have been discovered during the last two months, but by the proper isolation of the patients the disease was prevented from spreading. At one time yellow fever was very threatening at Holguin where Dr. Carter had charge, but by the adoption of severe measures it was wiped out there.

New Colonial Orders.

Washington, June 6.—Acting Secretary of War McKittrick made the following announcements today:

The North American Trust Company has been designated the depository for the War Department for the island of Cuba.

Standard time is established in the territory under government by the military forces of the United States.

By direction of the President, salted cod and stock fish, which heretofore paid a duty of \$2 per 100 kilos has been reduced to \$1 per 100 kilos.

No merchandise can hereafter be brought into the ports of Cuba, Porto Rico and Philippines from the United States or foreign country in any vessel measuring less than thirty tons gross capacity.

The American Colonial Bank of Porto Rico is designated the depository of the War Department for the island of Porto Rico.

Warrant for a Politician.

Marion, Ind., June 6.—Charles A. Brown, formerly a merchant of Marion and a prominent candidate for Assistant Auditor of the United States Treasury, is wanted by the police of Marion for obtaining money under false pretenses.

Brown wrote checks on a Marion bank, representing that he had money on deposit, and after having the checks cashed by George A. Phillip and Eli Snyder, two merchants, he left town. A number of Marion merchants were also worked for large amounts for goods obtained. A fine of \$25 is also standing against him in the Circuit Court. Brown was a prominent Elk, and was very popular.

Admiral Dewey Again on the Olympia.

Hong Kong, June 6.—Admiral Dewey has left Peak Hotel and returned to the Olympia. He paid farewell calls to the Governor, General Gascoigne, and the commanders of the warships in the harbor.

Admiral Dewey's health has been considerably benefited by his residence at the Peak. He appears somewhat haggard from the effect of the quarantine he has been under and of the climate.

The Admiral will not give a farewell dinner, nor will he accept one before the Olympia sails.

Two Suicides at Newark.

Newark, N. J., June 6.—Matthew J. Sweet, an undertaker, shot himself in the head at his home, No. 449 Broad street. He will die. Sweet had met with business reverses and had grown despondent. About the same time a suicide was discovered in the Continental Hotel, opposite Sweet's house. It was that of a man about seventy years old, who registered at the hotel as Charles Scotch. He ended his life with carbolic acid. A bill in the name of Charles Ellwood, Montclair, was found in his pocket.

May Be a Note From Andrew.

Christiania, June 6.—According to a dispatch from Mandal, the most southern town on Norway, two boys, on May 14 last, found on the north coast of Iceland a small cork case containing a slip of paper, dated July 11, 1897, signed "Andrew Stridenberg and Fraenckel," and bearing the words: "All well. Thrown out about longitude 81, latitude unknown."

Professor Andrew's brother thinks the case probably one of the letter buoys with which the Andrew expedition was provided.

Bishop Hurst and Wife Part.

Washington, June 6.—R. R. Root of Buffalo was in Washington in connection with the arrangements being made between Bishop Hurst of the Methodist Church and his wife for a legal separation. Mrs. Hurst, who is the second wife of the Bishop, was Miss Root of Buffalo, and is wealthy. She is now in Europe, having left Washington nearly a year ago. It is said that there will be no divorce, but that they will not live together again. Incompatibility being given as the cause.

Baron and Baroness Guilty.

Chicago, June 6.—The jury in the case of Baron and Baroness De Bary, charged with using the mails to conduct a fraudulent business, brought in a verdict finding both defendants guilty. The maximum penalty is twelve years and six months' imprisonment and a fine of \$12,000. A motion for a new trial was made, and pending the decision sentence was deferred.

Passenger Cuts His Throat.

Spokane, Wash., June 6.—J. C. Munson, a passenger on the west-bound Great Northern train, cut his throat with a razor, severing the windpipe, but, strange to say, he is still alive, and is now in the hospital here, with a fair chance of recovery. When asked as to the cause of his attempt at suicide, his only reply was: "See W. Herrin, New York City. He can tell you why this was done."

To Manila in Small Schooner.

San Francisco, June 6.—Capt. Proffsch sailed from San Francisco in the five-ton schooner Cake, his ostensible destination being Manila. General opinion, however, is that if the navigator really makes the attempt he will wrecked long before he reaches the Philippines.

## GUILTY TO SUFFER.

The Cabinet Council in Paris Come to This Conclusion.

BEFORE THE HIGHEST COURT

All Those Who Have Been Interested in the Dreyfus and Deroulede Affairs to Be Brought to Justice.

General Roget to Be Transferred From Paris to Orleans and Advocate General Lombard to Be Relieved From Office. Esterhazy Inquiry Ordered by Minister of War.

Paris, June 6.—The Cabinet has decided to prosecute all of the persons concerned in the Dreyfus and Deroulede affairs.

The Minister of Justice will ask the Chamber of Deputies to have General Mercier, who was Minister of War at the time of the Dreyfus court martial, summoned before the High Court in reference to his communication of secret documents to the court martial which condemned Drefus.

The Minister of War has ordered an inquiry into Esterhazy's connection with the document known as the "Liberator" letter, and into the manner in which General Pellieux directed information against Esterhazy.

General Roget is to be transferred from Paris to Orleans, and Advocate General Lombard will be relieved from office.

Because of his attitude in the Deroulede case, the President of the Court of Assizes, M. Tardif is to be summoned before the High Court of Indictment and Naval Lieutenant Guenard, of the Garrison at L'Orient is to be sent before a maritime tribunal.

All France is Excited.

Paris, June 8.—The excitement throughout Paris is intense. The Royalists, among the leaders of whom in the riots were the Count and Countess Castellane, have become so openly hostile that the influential Epant, Jockey and Automobile clubs were closed by the Government.

There were violent scenes in the Chamber of Deputies when this action was announced by Premier Dupuy and two members were forcibly expelled.

At the Cabinet meeting the question of the punishment of Count de Castellane and other Royalists who made an attack on President Loubet at the race course at Auteuil, was discussed and it is thought that he will not be banished as was at first proposed.

Kentucky's Governorship Race.

Frankfort, Ky., June 6.—Attorney General W. S. Taylor of Butler county was the favorite for the Republican nomination for Governor in each of the five counties holding conventions to name delegates to the State Republican Convention. These conventions gave Taylor 149 instructed votes in fourteen counties. Stone has seven votes in Clark county and Pratt seven in Livingston county, while three counties are uninstructed. Taylor has now an unprecedented lead, and his friends say he will secure the necessary 540 votes to nominate before two-thirds of the county conventions are held.

The Kidnappers Indicted.

New York, June 6.—The Grand Jury filed into Judge Newburger's court with indictments against Belle Anderson and George Barrow and wife in connection with the Marion Clark kidnapping case. Judge Newburger said he could not make public the indictments, or even the names of the persons indicted, as he understood there were persons indicted who were not yet under arrest.

Cortelyou President's Secretary.

Washington, June 6.—The President has designated Assistant Secretary Cortelyou as Secretary to the President during the absence of Secretary Porter, who has gone to Europe for an indefinite period. Mr. Cortelyou has been acting Secretary for several months, and under his management the affairs of the White House are running along smoothly.

Died on a Train.

Hannibal, Mo., June 6.—Dr. W. A. George, formerly president of the Tri-state Printing Company, of Keokuk, Ia., died on the Burlington and St. Louis train a few miles above Port Madison, Ia. Dr. George was en route home from California, where he had been for his health. The remains were brought here for interment.

Asylum Patient Escapes.

Goshen, N. Y., June 6.—Police and hospital attendants are searching the woods for Bernard Gregory, who escaped from Interpines, Dr. Seward's sanitarium. Gregory is described as thirty-three years old, of medium height, with very light red hair and a slight red mustache.



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FOR PORTSMOUTH  
AND  
PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS.

Want local news? Read the  
Herald. More local news than all other  
dailies combined. Try it.  
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1899.

us far the democratic contest for  
peakership is about as exciting as a  
race with an empty cider barrel as  
prize.

icago boasts that she uses 41,000  
ounds of soap every year. And  
is no sign that she is extravagant  
it, either.

inaldo formally announces that he  
titled. Yet the chances are that  
il wish he were before this Philip-  
affair is ended.

ficial experts estimate that the Nic-  
a canal will cost \$118,113,730.  
business men generally agree that  
it will be worth the money.

ne seems to have come in with a  
in one hand and a gas-heater in the  
t. Both her spirits and her tem-  
per are so far undeniably high.

ston is now the scene of a violent an-  
oke campaign. Naturally, the first  
y in order should be the snuffing  
of the Atkinsons and other smudges.

according to some accounts the win-  
glass trust is trying to smash all  
petition. The prospect is that it  
have nothing but its troubles for its  
s.

ren Police Captain Price could not  
ttemptation to make a living  
e of himself before the Mazet  
mittee. The captain made a fine  
leville spectacle.

ailstones as large as hen's eggs are  
ng in some portions of the west,  
here and there you find a doubting  
mas who can't believe that the sum-  
season has arrived.

fore returning to America Admiral  
ey will visit the king of Greece. It  
be that the hero of Manila wants to  
his majesty a few points on the  
ry and practice of war.

ngland has just placed extraordinary  
large orders for ten-inch shells and  
er munitions of war. Possibly her  
orts from the peace conference at The  
gue have been incorrectly decipher-

ome superficial observers take Ad-  
al Dewey's refusal to write for the  
gazines as a sign that he is ill. More  
nightful persons, however, accept it  
proof that he is enjoying first-rate  
lth, both mental and physical.

Spain's Greatest Need  
Mr R P Oliver, of Barcelona, Spain,  
ends his winters at Aiken, S. C. Weak  
rives had caused severe pains in the  
ck of the head. On using Electric  
itters, America's greatest Blood and  
erve remedy, all pain soon left him.  
e says this grand medicine is what his  
untry needs. All America knows  
at it cures liver and kidney trouble,  
urifies the blood, tones up the stomach,  
rengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor  
id new life into every muscle, nerve  
id organ of the body. If weak, tired  
alling you need it. Every bottle  
narrated, only 50 cents. Sold by  
lobe Grocery Co.

Can't have perfect health without pure  
lood. Burdock Blood Bitters makes  
are blood. Tones and invigorates the  
hole system.

Edicate Your Bowels With Cascarets.  
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever.  
No. 10. If C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

# BIG WARSHIPS.

North Atlantic Squadron Will  
Remain Here Four Days.

Admiral Sampson Outlines His Cruise.—  
Will Arrive Here About July 15th.

The following letter, received from  
Rear Admiral W. T. Sampson, U. S. N.,  
regarding the movements of the North  
Atlantic squadron, will be read with  
much interest here:  
UNITED STATES FLAGSHIP NEW YORK,  
NEWPORT, R. I., June 3rd, 1899.  
My Dear Sir:—In reply to your letter  
of June 1st, I enclose herewith a copy  
of our itinerary, which is as definite as  
anything thus far known.  
We will visit Portsmouth before visit-  
ing Portland, and shall stay there about  
four days. Very respectfully,  
W. T. SAMPSON,  
Rear Admiral, U. S. Navy.

North Atlantic Squadron.

The following will be the general  
scope of summer's cruise:  
Leave Newport for Boston about  
June 15th.

Return to Newport from Boston about  
the 25th.

Leave Newport for Portsmouth and  
Portland the second week in July; re-  
turning to Newport in about two weeks  
from departure.

Leave Newport for Bar Harbor about  
the first of August and return to  
Newport in about seventeen days.

During the stay at Newport oppor-  
tunity will be taken for attending lectures  
at the war college and for special drills  
in landing, etc.

About half the time of absence from  
Newport will be taken up in squadron  
exercises and target practice.

SWORE OUT A COMPLAINT.

Dover June 6.—United States Dis-  
trict Attorney Hamblet swore out a  
complaint before United States Commis-  
sioner Kelley of Portsmouth today for  
the arrest of Hough. The complaint  
alleges a misappropriation of \$10,000 of  
the Cochecho National bank. A travel-  
ing salesman in town today made the  
statement that he saw Harry Hough in  
the waiting room of the Boston & Al-  
bany depot in Boston, last Sunday  
afternoon. Mr. Hough as treasurer of  
the savings bank gave bonds of \$20,000.  
He did not furnish bonds to the Na-  
tional bank as he was not an official  
of that institution, simply being hired by  
Cashier Haley as his assistant at a salary  
of \$600. He received \$900 per year  
from the savings bank. Mrs. Hough  
informed County Solicitor Scott today  
that her husband had some trouble with  
the bank in 1894 and that she had fur-  
nished \$6000 of her money to settle the  
affair. The \$3,500 that was paid the  
bank Monday morning was also money  
belonging to Mrs. Hough.

TO ENLIST 270 APPRENTICE-  
BOYS.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The navy de-  
partment has directed the enlistment  
of 270 naval apprentices, as follows: On  
board the receiving ship Vermont at  
New York, eighty; on board the re-  
ceiving ship Washash at Boston, sixty;  
on board the receiving ship Richmond  
at League Island, Pa., sixty; at the re-  
cruiting station at Chicago, forty; and  
at the recruiting station at Cincinnati,  
thirty. All these apprentice boys are to  
be sent to the training station at New-  
port, R. I., to be prepared for service  
as able seamen.

PORTSMOUTH BOY WINS FIRST  
PRIZE.

DURHAM, N. H., June 6.—The Smith  
prize speaking at the New Hampshire  
college took place this evening. The  
prizes were awarded as follows:  
Reading—First prize, Harry W. Ev-  
ans, Portsmouth; second prize, Elmer  
E. Lyons, Wentworth.

Speaking—First prize, Grace M.  
Mark, Gilsam; second prize, David C.  
Bartlett, Manchester; third prize, di-  
vided between Minnie Robinson of  
Buffalo, N. Y., and Etta D. Simpson of  
Derry.

IS AT THE STATE HOUSE.

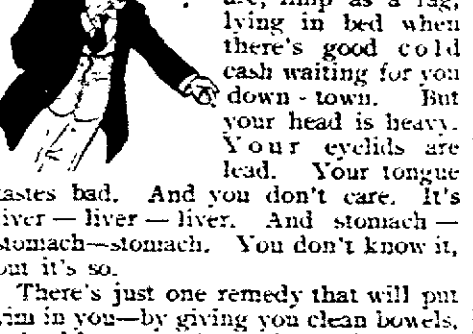
PORTLAND, June 6.—The Argus has it  
on the most reliable authority that  
Speaker Reed's resignation is at the  
state house at the present moment. It  
is ready to be presented at the next  
meeting of the governor and council to  
be acted upon.

MARRIED A RICH WIDOW.

FAROO, DAKOTA, June 6.—Commodore  
W. K. Mayo of Washington, on the re-  
tired naval list, who received a divorce  
here last November, has returned here,  
accompanied by Mrs. M. S. Hall, said  
to be a wealthy Washington society  
widow. They were quietly married  
last night.

# IT IS BREAKFAST TIME!

"Don't want any." "It's time to go to  
work." "Leave me alone." There you  
are, limp as a rag,  
lying in bed with  
there's good cold  
cash waiting for you  
down town. But  
your head is heavy.  
Your eyelids are  
lead. Your tongue  
tastes bad. And you  
don't care. It's  
liver—liver—liver.  
And stomach—  
stomach—stomach.  
You don't know it,  
but it's so.



There's just one remedy that will put  
vitality in you—by giving you clean bowels,  
a healthy stomach, a lively liver, and  
blood that is rich and red and clear and  
pure. It is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical  
Discovery. It puts an appetite in  
your stomach, a move to  
your bowels, life in your liver,  
and the stuff that builds  
bone, flesh and nerve in your  
blood. It will  
make you sleep  
at night, wake you  
in the morning,  
eat your food with  
pleasure and work  
with a zest. It  
cures all dis-  
eases resulting from improper and in-  
sufficient nourishment—lung, nerve,  
liver and blood troubles. It contains no  
alcohol to inebriate or create craving for  
stimulants. An honest dealer won't  
offer you an inferior substitute for a  
little extra profit.

In a letter received from A. D. Weller, Esq., of  
Pensacola, Florida, he writes: "I have, since receiving your diagnosis  
of my case as stomach trouble and liver com-  
plaint, taken eight bottles of the 'Golden Medi-  
cal Discovery' and must say that I am trans-  
formed from a walking shadow to a man. I  
feel like a new man. I value your  
remedies very highly and take pleasure in  
recommending them to any and all who suffer  
as I did. Four months ago I did not think  
to be in shape to assist our 'Uncle Sam' in  
case of hostilities, but thanks to you, I am now  
ready for the 'Don's.'"  
Keep your bowels open. Dr. Pierce's  
Pleasant Pellets will do it without griping.  
All medicine dealers.

# A SILLY SUGGESTION.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The navy de-  
partment has received a suggestion  
from the Portsmouth, Va., board of  
trade that the captured Spanish cruiser  
Reina Mercedes be completely rebuilt at  
the Norfolk navy yard, supplied with  
the very best guns and armor, and then  
be presented to the queen of Spain as  
evidence of the good will cherished by  
the United States for her country.

# PECULIAR CATTLE DISEASE.

SOUTH HAMPTON, N. H., June 6.—  
Hon. N. J. Batchelder, chairman of  
the state board of health and cattle  
commissioner, has investigated the pe-  
culiar disease which has resulted in the  
death of several cattle in this town, and  
has taken a portion of the contents of the  
stomach for analysis, the result of  
which has not yet been made public.

# KILLED HER DAUGHTER WHILE DERANGED.

SOMERVILLE, MASS., June 6.—While  
in a deranged state of mind, Mrs. Annie  
M. Robart, of No. 78 Albion street, gave  
her nine-months-old daughter a large  
dose of ether today and then drowned  
her in a bath tub, after which she at-  
tempted to end her own life by  
taking nearly a quarter of a pound  
of ether. She has returned to conscious-  
ness but not reason.

# DAUGHTERS OF VETERANS.

CONCORD, N. H., June 6.—The second  
annual convention of the New  
Hampshire Daughters of Veterans was  
held here today, and among the officers  
elected was Mrs. Mary Reenan of Con-  
cord as president.

# ROCKINGHAM CONFERENCE.

EXETER, N. H., June 6.—The annual  
meeting of the Rockingham conference  
of Congregational and Presbyterian  
churches was opened today at the  
church in Hampton and interesting  
exercises were held throughout the day.

# THE WABASH MOVED.

BOSTON, June 6.—The historic old  
Wabash was today moved from her an-  
chorage where she has laid undisturbed  
for more than a quarter of a century.  
Her removal was compulsory for the  
reason that her old berth was on a por-  
tion of the site of the new dry dock.

# HER TOPMAST FELL.

BRISTOL, R. I., June 6.—The topmast  
of the Defender fell to the deck this  
afternoon while the yacht was sailing  
on trial off Newport, and narrowly  
missed killing a number of the crew.

# BASE BALL.

Boston 9, Louisville 0; at Boston.  
Philadelphia 3, St. Louis 6; at Phila-  
delphia.  
Baltimore 6, Pittsburg 3; at Balti-  
more.  
New York 9, Cleveland 6; at New  
York.  
Washington 3, Chicago 1; at Wash-  
ington.  
Brooklyn 6, Cincinnati 4; at Brook-  
lyn.  
Manchester 9, Pawtucket 5; at  
Manchester.

# NEWSBOYS ATTENTION!

Read What the Herald Has in  
Store For You.

A \$ 5.00 Present For Every Hustler

The army of Herald newsboys who  
have for years shouted their favorite pa-  
per on the street, are to be rewarded by  
the management.

The live newsboy is the success of a  
newspaper and the Herald appreciates  
that its faithful corps of newsboys have  
done much toward bringing it to the  
front rank as a local paper and  
and in order to show a proper apprecia-  
tion of their efforts will present all the  
hustlers with a new \$75.00 1899 bicycle.

The winners will be decided on June  
25th.

Here is the plan—Every newsboy will  
be given a check when he purchases his  
papers showing the number he buys and  
when all checks are turned into the of-  
fice on June 26th the two boys having  
the largest number will be presented  
with a wheel bearing the name "Herald".  
They are beauties and can now be seen  
at the Herald office.

The third largest will receive an ele-  
gant camera.  
The Herald will also make every boy  
entering the contest and who comes  
within half the number of the leader a  
liberal cash prize.

Newsboys in any of the adjoining  
towns are eligible to enter the contest.

# DROUTH IN NEW ENGLAND.

The Rainfall in April and May Was  
Very Small.

New England is daily getting more  
like an arid, unirrigated region. Farm-  
ers are seeing their season's profits dis-  
appearing under the influence of the  
relentless sun, and the broad hayfields  
and stretches of planted ground are  
yellow and bare. Where the grass  
should be long and nearing maturity it  
is thin and unseasonably stout, hardly  
worth the cutting.

The New England hayfield today is  
as valueless as a pasture where the cat-  
tle have kept the grass down. The  
gardens in many instances are devoid  
of any green sprouts, corn, grain, pota-  
toes, peas, beans, and other early vege-  
table growths having barely poked their  
green leaves above the hard and parched  
surface.

Rain is needed in New England more  
seriously now than in any season on  
record. In many cases it has been so  
long deferred that a steady rainfall of  
several days would be of no avail, as  
many of the early garden products are  
beyond any hope of resuscitation. The  
hay crop in many sections of New Eng-  
land is already doomed, and only in  
well saturated meadow lands is the  
grass at all promising.

Country brooks, which have kept ad-  
jacent hay fields fresh and green in the  
face of previous long continued dry  
spells, have succumbed to the present  
drouth.

Alluvial soil, which has for years de-  
fied the season of parching sun, is now  
as hard and dry as the country road  
with its inches of dust. In fact, there  
is hardly a farm in the six New Eng-  
land states sufficiently irrigated to pro-  
duce healthy, seasonable crops after  
two such months as April and May of  
this year.

The drouth is practically confined to  
New England, as rains have been plenti-  
ful in the West, while the middle West  
has also been fairly well supplied with  
moisture. But in New England there  
has not even been any matutinal dews.

# MAY PLEAD GUILTY.

A persistent rumor about the court  
house, yesterday and today was that  
Parks, the Kittery murderer, would not  
stand trial but would plead guilty Mon-  
day. The Record correspondent was  
unable to find any authority for this  
report. Parks' counsel was not present  
and County Attorney Mathews did not  
know anything about such a change of  
program and is ready to go ahead with  
the case. The rumor is so persistent,  
however, that a good many believe  
there is some grounds for it.—Bidde-  
ford Record.

# ANNOUNCEMENT.

Today, and every day next week, out-  
advertised agents, the Globe Grocery  
Co., will sell you a box of Bucklen's  
Arnica Salve, "The Best Salve in the  
World," and guarantee it to cure Cuts,  
Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum,  
Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands,  
Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Erup-  
tions, and positively cures Piles or  
money refunded.  
H. E. BUCKLEN & CO.,  
Chicago, Ill.

# NEWSY CLEANINGS FROM OUR SUBURBAN TOWNS.

DOVER POINT.

DOVER POINT, June 6.

The steamer H. A. Mathes went down  
river yesterday having in tow the barge  
Berwick, Captain Littlefield, with 150,  
000 bricks from H. M. Robert's yard, for  
Boston.

The schooner Wilson and Willard,  
Capt. Addleton, with 40,000 brick from  
Geo. W. Fort's yard sailed for Bos on  
today.

The steamer towed the barges No. 10,  
and Dover up river last night; the for-  
mer to load at Mrs. Clark's yard. Eliot,  
Me., the latter at Mrs. Mathes' yard,  
Durham.

The steamer Iva went up river this  
morning having in tow the gondola Alice  
Capt. Nute with 80 tons of coal for Exe-  
ter.

The schooner Estella, Capt. Coleman,  
from Boston light went up river this  
morning to load brick at Courser's yard.

James Drew, Esq., is in Concord today  
on business.

Henry Veaton, the well known mer-  
chant of Portsmouth, was here this  
morning on business.

Capt. Garland of the schooner James  
A. Gray, which is loading a cargo of  
bricks at Gray's yard, Saco, Me., spent  
yesterday at his home in Newington.

There is to be a dance at Riverview  
hall this evening. Stiles' orchestra of  
Dover will furnish music. The manag-  
ers are the Misses Cassie and Margaret  
Maguire and Miss Florence Morang. All  
are invited.

# YORK

YORK, June 5.

Mrs. Paik and daughter Miss Brooks  
spent a few days in Boston returning  
Saturday evening.

Chase's Pond water has been brought  
into the house of Mr. Jerry McIntire at  
the Village also pipes, are being laid to  
furnish the Wilcox mansion.

Mr. Walter M. Smith and his daughter  
Mrs. Hungerford of Stamford, Conn.,  
were in town Saturday the guests of  
Mrs. Jerry McIntire.

The services were conducted on  
Sunday by the several pastors as usual.  
Preparations are being made for the  
observance of Children's day in the  
various churches.

The mercury ranges today in the  
nineties and the wind and dust are al-  
most insufferable.

The projected transfer of real estate  
on York river is creating a great deal of  
interest in the immediate locality.  
Never were the wooded banks of the  
beautiful river more attractive than at  
the present time.

Mr. A. McIntire of Brixton now em-  
ployed in Manchester is in town solicit-  
ing orders for piano tuning, etc.

# GREENLAND

GREENLAND, June 7.

Earl Baker, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ellis  
Waldron died at his home yesterday  
at the age of 8 months. The heartfelt  
sympathy of Greenland is extended to  
the parents in their sad bereavement.

Mr. George W. Lord, with the as-  
sistance of a carpenter, is shingling his  
house on the Tide Mill road.

Mrs. George W. Brackett and son,  
Ray, were in Portsmouth yesterday.

The Greenland baseball team are to  
play in Raymond one week from Satur-  
day.

Mr. George W. Duntley was in New-  
ington yesterday.

Rev. J. A. M. Chapman has been in  
Philadelphia the past few days on busi-  
ness.

Wouldn't it be a good idea for us to  
drop the expression "Hot, ain't it?" for  
we fully believe the parties asked that  
question are well aware of the fact es-  
pecially for the last two days.

# AN ORIGINAL TAX WARRANT.

A few days ago a gentleman of this  
city found the original tax warrant is-  
sued by John Taylor Gilman, treasurer  
of the state of New Hampshire, against  
the town of Dartmouth in 1786. This  
was forwarded to John A. Hicks, town  
clerk of Jefferson, which was formerly  
Dartmouth.

Yesterday a second old tax warrant  
was found in a lot of old papers and it  
was sent today to Town Clerk Hicks.  
This document is signed by J. T. Gil-  
man, treasurer at Exeter on March 20,  
1768. The paper is remarkably well  
preserved, the writing being as plain as  
the day on which it was writ n.

# Rheumatism Cured in a Day

"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and  
Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days.  
Its action upon the system is remark-  
able and mysterious. It removes at once  
the cause and the disease immediately  
disappears. The first dose greatly bene-  
fits, 75 cents. Sold by Geo. Hill Druggist  
Portsmouth.

To Cure Constipation Forever.  
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic, 10c or 25c.  
If C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

# Classified Advertisements.

Small advertisements 50  
words or less 75c per  
line.  
Seven Words to a Line.  
Such as WANTS, For Sale and To Let 50 cents  
per week 25 cents one insertion.

WANTED—Care of bad health that R.I.  
F.A.N.S. will not cure. Send 5 cents to  
Hupans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 anal-  
yses and 1,000 testimonials.

TOILET—Furnished room with steam heat.  
Apply at 34 Fleet street.

Piano for sale. High grade upright piano  
been used very little. Must be sold. 40  
dollars. Call at Box 313, Dover N. H.

Send 10 cents to us and we will send you a bot-  
tle of our Dandruff and Scalp Cure. F. McKee  
New N. H.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.F.A.N.S. for 5 cents a  
drugstore. One gives relief.

WANTED—Christian man or woman to qua-  
lify for permanent office work. Salary  
\$300. Enclose reference and self-addressed,  
stamped envelope to Director, care of Port-  
smouth Herald.

WANTED—By an elderly lady, a situation as  
housekeeper in an elderly gentleman's home, or  
would care for home of parties going abroad for  
the season.  
Call at 11 Spring street, Dover, N. H.  
Mrs. M. L. Frye.

# Professional Cards.

W. O. JUNKINS, M. D.,  
Residence, 98 State St.  
Office, 26 Congress St.  
Portsmouth, N. H.  
OFFICE HOURS: 1 A. M. to 7 P. M.  
7:30 to 10 Evenings

C. D. HINMAN, D. D. S.,  
DENTAL ROOMS, 16 MARKET SQUARE,  
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

F. S. TOWLE, M. D.,  
78 State Street, Portsmouth, N. H.  
OFFICE HOURS:  
Out 1 A. M. 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 P.

# GET YOUR SPRING AND SUM- MER SUITS OF O'LEARY, THE TAILOR.

At the Lowest Prices

Suits and Overcoats, \$13 and Up  
Pants, \$3.50 " "

Also Cleaning, Repairing and Press-  
ing. Satisfaction and fu-  
Guaranteed.

5 Bridge Street.

# STANDARD BRAND.

Newark cement.

400 Barrels of the above Cement Just  
Landed.

# THIS COMPANY'S CEMENT

Has been on the market for the past fifty  
years. It has been used on the

Principal Government and Other  
Public Works,  
And has received the commendation of Engi-  
neers, Architects and consumers generally.  
Persons wanting cement should not be de-  
ceived. Obtain the best.

FOR SALE BY  
JOHN H. BROUGHTON.

# Gray & Prime

DELIVER  
COAL  
IN BAGS!

NO DUST NO NOISE.  
11 Market St. Telephone 2-4

# COAL AND WOOD.

C. E. WALKER & CO.,  
Commission Merchant  
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in  
Coal and Wood

Office cor. State and Water Sts.  
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

FREE for Boys and Girls. A beautiful solid  
gold shell brilliant, Ruby or Topaz Tif-  
fany Settings. Guaranteed to wear for years.  
FREE for selling 25 Mystic Pens at 5c. each.  
Send name and address. Will send Pens when  
sold. Remit \$1.00 and get the Ring. C. O.  
Hunter, 428 South St. Cincinnati.

When writing mention the Portsmouth Herald



# MYSTERIOUS MURDER.

ine. Flamant, a Pretty Parisian Widow Who Had Seen Better Days, Slain.

# THIRTY GHASTLY GASHES

r Arms Tattooed With Promises of Undying Love Vowed to Two Men.

A Pledge "Love For Life" to Jean Lovet and Maurice and Neither is known to the Police Who Have Several Theories—Robbery Was Clearly the Motive.

A short time ago Mme. Clemence Flamant was found dead in her room at the Rue Moret, Paris.

She had been slain by repeated dag-thrusts—about by repeated dag-thrusts—and stabbed the prone and pless body until her strength was exhausted. Both arms of the murdered woman were tattooed in strange fash-

ion. Each bore a promise of undying love. The promise was made, apparently, a different man, and each was ruled by a tattooed dagger, emblematic of the death that would come the day were broken.

The tattooing was the only clue, on it the police believe that the order had been given. Flamant's tor. But which suitor? And whether did he die?

It is the strangest crime in a city of crime.

Mme. Flamant had lived at No. 107 c Moret for some years. She was married to a man of refined tastes, but her husband's death had left her alone and poor.

When the concierge was passing on the stairs next morning Mme. Flamant's door was seen to be partly open, and curiosity prompted the en- slian of the house to look inside. The

man was discovered dead, and the body was promptly notified. The day was cold, showing that death had occurred several hours previously. In examination disclosed the follow- words tattooed on the right arm: "Mme. Des Cannelles Pour La e, 1899."

The date proved at once that Mme. Flamant, whatever her past may be, had been a woman of romance.

or the message read: "I love Maur- of the faucons for life, 1899."

"Maurice the Tank" would be a fair dering of the nickname. It is not a city nickname, but it is Parisian.

leath this strange pledge was a de sign—a heart outlined in red, reed by a blue dagger.

It was a promise of undying love, cked by a grimly suggestive threat death if the promise were ever oken.

When the left arm was examined a vice equally curious was revealed. "Aime pour la vie Jean Bovet e inscribed about a rude picture a dagger and two hearts chained together, the words "Jean Bovet."

This pledge was without date, and a question at once arose as to which i-to mark had been first affixed.

Then the Leocqs of the Parisian poe, to whom nothing is more dear in a cunning theory, "reconstructed" a crime after their manner.

ean Bovet, they concluded, had en Mme. Flamant's suitor—perhaps ars ago, certainly before Maurice. cause of his presumed partiality for Jean Bovet, they concluded that he must e followed the sea, though this is t evident, now that society women e taken to tattooing as a fad, as e have other foolish fads.

Bovet had gone away—this is all njecture, of course—and Mme. amant, who had been gently reared, d come to want unforeseen by him d had removed to more modest arters where a new lover had found e way to her heart, perhaps aided in a conquest by her poverty.

The second tattooing is more difficult explain. It may be merely one of e coincidences which make real e stranger than any tale of the gnation. It may be that some cautious remark of Mme. Flamant ealed the truth to Maurice.

More probably, perhaps, the dead oman herself, urging on her own e as women will, proffered the test id proof of her affection and added e date as if to efface the memory of yvet by a later declaration, even if e could not strip from her beautiful n the promise she had made him.

At this point the police theory di- es: First—Did Jean return to Paris and nish the woman's faithfulness in e manner indicated by the design of e pierced heart?

Second—Had Clemence heard from e communicated with her lover? ad he returned from the past to re- w his claim upon her heart, and did nce inflict the punishment of ath upon her?

Gertrude—Oh, Percy, I'm afraid papa ill miss me so after we are married. Percy (shocked)—What! Is he going any?—(buck).

# WEALTH IN MINE DEBRIS.

Old Prospector Makes a Fortune Out of the "Tailings."

There are some men in this world who have to tell for a mere apology of a living—and then there are others. One of these latter is Mr. Luce, of the Cargo Muchacho. Luce's experience reads like a romance. For twenty years he had knocked about the coast, on the desert, in the mountains, prospecting and mining, and had finally, by hard work and the closest economy, managed to scrape together a few hundred dollars.

One day on the shores of the Colorado some twenty miles north of Yuma, he met an old Mexican, who told him of a deserted mine some ten miles back from the river and seven miles north of Hedges. Luce's interest was aroused, and he visited that mine, to find there an abandoned twenty-stamp mill which had rounded away for many years and finally shut down.

Luce examined the property and discovered that there was a small mountain of tailings, the accumulation of years, piled up behind the mill. He tested these tailings with cyanide. Then he measured the pile roughly and estimated there was over 100,000 tons of the stuff there. That night he wrote to the president of the company in New York City offering ten cents per ton for the tailings on a basis of 100,000 tons. The president read the letter, looked surprised, and called the directors together. They read the letter, looked wise, tapped their foreheads significantly and laughed at each other.

"This poor fellow Luce should be called 'goose,'" said one.

"Desert's proved too much for him—probably gone daft," observed another.

Not one of them thought these tailings were worth anything, and they had almost entirely forgotten that old mine on the Colorado desert. But they answered the letter, telling Luce to go ahead.

On receipt of the letter Luce immediately erected a cyanide plant, costing him about \$100 of his own and his friends' money. Then he hired fifteen Mexicans and Indians and began work on these tailings. One day some representatives of the mine company were returning from San Francisco, and passing through the desert, they thought they would visit the mine.

"How are you?" said Luce. "Glad to see you. By the way, we might as well fix up our little accounts now as at any time," and so saying he threw the astonished Gothamites a check for \$10,000. Then he explained that in the nine months he had been running the cyanide plant he had cleaned up \$45,000, and that there was plenty of tailing in sight to net him \$200,000 within three years.

Words of Sir Walter Besant.

Sir Walter Besant, writing in the London Queen, says:

"A Spanish lady has written to the editor of the paper concerning certain remarks of mine about the sympathies of the English race. I am very sorry that any words of mine should have given offense to any Spaniard. History, however, cannot be set aside out of politeness. The Spanish nation has always shown many great and noble qualities; never at any time have they failed to command the respect of their enemies; but we cannot help remembering that they were our enemies from the middle of the sixteenth century to the beginning of the nineteenth century; we stood for freedom of thought; they stood for authority; we stood for the liberty of the people; they stood for despotism. To recall these facts, and all that they mean, ought not to offend anyone. I take off my hat with the greatest respect to the Spaniard. 'Sir, you are a gentleman by birth and long descent; you are also a gentleman by breeding; you are a gentleman of courage tried and proved, and of patriotism undoubted; you are like Don Quixote for honor and for courtesy. But, sir, you do not think as we do; and in the present crisis our sympathies are naturally with the people who do think as we do.'"

Need of Covering During Sleep.

The reason it is necessary to be well covered while sleeping is that when the body lies down it is the intention of nature that it should rest, and the heart especially should be relieved of its regular work temporarily. So that organ makes ten strokes a minute less than when the body is in an upright position. This means 600 strokes in six minutes. Therefore, in the eight hours that a man usually spends in taking his night's rest, the heart is saved nearly 5,000 strokes. As it pumps six ounces of blood with each stroke it lifts 30,000 ounces less of blood in this night's session than it would during the day, when a man is usually in an upright position. Now, the body is dependent for its warmth on the vigor of the circulation, and as the blood flows so much more slowly through the veins when one is lying down, the warmth lost in the reduced circulation is supplied by extra coverings.

A New Patent Cork.

A German patent has recently been granted for making corks fit tighter. The surface of the cork—that is the broad, ring surface which comes in contact with the glass—is burnt in such a manner or treated with a corrosive, that in place of the smooth, push-like surface, such of a rough appearance is obtained. The complete tightening is brought about by increasing the adhesion to the glass.

A French firm has announced that it has devised an apparatus by which a single bicycle may be run at a speed of thirty miles an hour, and a tandem at fifty.

# AGAINST USE OF CORSETS.

Chicago, Saxony and Russia Make a Concerted Attack Upon Steel Ribbed Casing.

# THEY WILL HAVE TO GO.

So Say a Great Many Health Specialists—But Women Have the Deciding Vote—What Will They Say?

The Influence of Dress Upon the Physical Structure of Women—Appearance and Fashion's Deceit More Thought of Than Sound Bodies and Good Health—Lacemakers and Injurious.

The Minister of Education of Saxony has signed a decree forbidding schoolgirls to wear corsets.

The Russian Minister of Public Instruction has published an order that young women attending high schools, universities and music and art schools shall not wear corsets.

The Oakland Health Club of Chicago has endorsed the acts of both these officials and has pledged itself to stop tight lacing.

These three facts show that the war upon the corset, and its consequent destruction of the most beautiful thing in the world—a man's mother—is being renewed in very high official places, and that it is being fought as it was never fought before.

The Oakland Health Club has given out this emphatic official statement:

"It is a known fact that there is more sickness among women than ever before. One scarcely meets a healthy woman. The corset represents a large measure of the responsibility of the ills to which women are heir."

The Oakland Health Club suggests Grecian costumes for women. The costumes of the ancient Greeks require "fitting to corsets."

The Saxony Minister of Education prescribes the mode of dress for school girls. The girls are required to wear a loose-fitting jacket or blouse, with a short, full, round skirt, loose at the belt.

The Russian Minister of Public Education offers no substitute for the corset nor concealment of the uncorseted outlines. He confines himself to the decree. He only offers the explanation that he has spent much time in visiting girls' schools, and reports that the corset is "distinctly prejudicial to the health and physical development of the wearers."

Dr. J. H. Kellogg is one of the leaders of war against stays. Dr. Kellogg has a formidable trail of titles which add weight to his words. He is a life member of the British Gynecological Society, member of the Societe d'Hygiene of France, of the American Medical Association, the British and American Association for the advancement of Science, the American Climatological Society, the American Social Science Association and others. He is the author of a work on "The Evils of Fashionable Dress," that created a decided stir and a short-lived dress reform among women a few years ago. He has just now published a work on the same question entitled, "The Influence of Dress in Producing the Physical Decline of American Women."

"It is not worth while to spend any time in demonstrating that women are degenerating physically," says Dr. Kellogg in his treatise, "for there has not been a medical convention dinner within the last quarter of a century at which was not heard the toast, 'Woman, God's best gift to man, and the chief support of the doctors.'"

"I recently addressed an audience of seven hundred women. I asked how many women present believed they were physically superior to their mothers. A bare half dozen raised their hands, and two or three looked timidly about, apparently as if to see if any one present was prepared to contest their claim. This was significant of the present attitude of the present strength of women. A falling off in the birth rate amounting to several million within the last ten years is one of the terrible evidences of the decline of stamina in American women."

Dr. Kellogg says that to compression of the waist is due—

"First, downward displacement of the abdominal and pelvic organs, and numerous functional and organic diseases growing out of this disturbance of the static relation of the organs."

"Second, lack of development of the muscles of the trunk, which by long compression and disuse lose their functional activity, resulting in drooping shoulders, flat or hollow chest, sunken epigastrium and straight spine."

"Third, an ungraceful and unnatural carriage of the body in sitting, standing and walking."

"Fourth, an abnormal mode of respiration."

"The strong and beautiful curves which are observed in a spirited horse are not only attractive from an aesthetic point of view, but are also of the highest significance from a psychological standpoint. In the healthy, vigorous animal one observes that the head is held high, the neck and back strongly curved, the limbs firmly set, and the whole expression indicates vigor and strength. The same is equally true of the female body."

An erect head, well-curved back, prominent chest, retracted abdomen, and firmly set limbs, are indicative of an energized carriage of the body which is characteristic of health."

"The flat chest, posterior dorsal curve, projecting chin, protruding abdomen, are equally indicative of a relaxed and weak carriage of the body."

"The spiritless and tired horse holds his head down; he lacks the vigor and disposition to hold it up."

"The latest proposed improvement in the postal service is in the form of mail collecting and sorting wagons. These wagons would run in outlying districts, and, by having the mail sorted on them and placed in separate pouches, according to destination, much time could be saved that is now lost in sending mail to central stations, besides the saving in time of collection. Motor wagons are talked of for this service."

Aunt Mary—Isn't that your mother calling you, Tommy?

Tommy—Yes'm.

Aunt Mary—Well, why don't you answer?

Tommy—Oh, what's the use? Papa is at home.

# COULDN'T AFFORD IT

At Two Dollars an Inch Joe's Return Would Cost \$15, the Heckwood.

"I was turning a paper down in Ten nasser then," pre-lauded the ex-news paper man whose only work now is to collect what other people owe him in the way of rents and interest. "One of the few fine looking women you find in the mountains of that region walked into the office one afternoon and said 'Be yours the editor?'"

"Upon being informed that I enjoyed that distinction she looked me over as though greatly disappointed, and then told a long story of petty domestic difficulties, that had led to the disappearance of her husband about two weeks before. Now she wanted to put in a nice advertisement, telling that he was forgiven, and that she longed to have him at home. How much would I charge her?"

"Two dollars an inch," I answered.

"Taking a pencil and a sheet of copy paper, she figured laboriously for pretty nearly an hour. At length she tore the paper into shreds, and was deliberately walking out of the office when I asked her if she thought the charge was too high."

"I don't reckon I know anything about your business, suh. But I never see that much money, let lon' handlin' of it. Joe's wuth it, but I couldn't never buy him back at them figgers. He's six foot three in his bare feet, suh, Joe is. At \$2 a inch I make it \$150. I'll jest have to go out an' git his trail an' foller."

"I didn't even smile, gentlemen. There was something noble in her resignation. I advertised 'Joe,' got other papers to copy, and we rounded him up. One morning there was a ten-gallon keg of moonshine whisky at my kitchen door, and I did not advertise for an owner."

A New Occupation for Tall Men.

Any very tall, thin man, with an angular cast of countenance, now acting as a volunteer in the army of the unemployed can get a more lucrative job in any one of a hundred places in New York, provided he is well over six feet in height. Almost any of the small clothing firms will take him, dress him up as Uncle Sam, affix a beard to his lower jaw and start him out in business as a walking advertisement.

According to his natural physical adaptability to the part he can make from \$1 to \$3 per day, and there is one personification of the national type now parading the streets who is said to get \$5 per day, and he certainly earns it if suitability for the part is the criterion. Although clothing firms chiefly affect this style of advertising, other lines of business have adopted it, and one nationally resplendent Yankee carries a fireworks advertising banner, another bears aloft the announcement of a bargain sale in flags, while others parade for soap, patent foods and sporting goods. It is even said that one firm has runners out along the Bowery and Eighth avenue in the lodging house districts, with orders to capture and convey to port any and all persons of the proper build, holding them up with broadsides of inducements if necessary. In the course of time it may be that there may be battles over the prizes in the streets, and the police courts may adjudicate upon rival captors of the eagerly sought models of Uncle Sam.

The Cat Assayed \$18.31.

An amusing mining story comes from the Mocking Bird mine in the Warm Springs district. L. J. Rowen, who owns and works the mine, also owns a pet cat. This cat climbs up and down the shaft, through drifts, crosscuts, stopes and levels, and lives down there most of the time, being fed by the miners from the contents of their dinner pails.

A brilliant idea struck Rowen the other day. He took the cat into the ore house and washed the hair as clean to the skin as it could possibly be washed. Then he panned the dirty water to the highest percentage, and the entire cat assayed \$18.31 on an assayer's scales. It is doubtful if any mine in the Rocky mountains can assay better than \$18.31 to the cat.

Burial of Molten Steel.

A curious story is told in the British War Office. Some years ago a workman was engaged in casting metal for the manufacture of ordnance at the Woolwich Arsenal, when he lost his balance and fell into a huge chaldron containing twelve tons of molten steel. The metal was at white heat, and, of course, the unfortunate man was utterly consumed in an instant. The War Department authorities held a conference, and decided not to profane the dead by using the steel in the manufacture of ordnance, and the enormous mass of metal was actually interred and a Church of England clergyman read the burial service over it.

Mail Sorting Wagon.

The latest proposed improvement in the postal service is in the form of mail collecting and sorting wagons. These wagons would run in outlying districts, and, by having the mail sorted on them and placed in separate pouches, according to destination, much time could be saved that is now lost in sending mail to central stations, besides the saving in time of collection. Motor wagons are talked of for this service.

Aunt Mary—Isn't that your mother calling you, Tommy?

Tommy—Yes'm.

Aunt Mary—Well, why don't you answer?

Tommy—Oh, what's the use? Papa is at home.

# WONDERFUL LIQUID AIR.

A Discovery Which Will Likely Prove Extremely Beneficial to the Entire Race.

# SINGULAR EXPERIMENTS.

The Strange Substance Seems to Reverse the Ordinary Phenomena of Nature—Water Boils on Ice.

Has a Temperature of 312 Degrees Below Zero—More Explosive Than Nitro-Glycerine—Makes a Hot Place of Steel Burn Like a Match—It Freezes Mercury into a Solid Metal.

Charles E. Tripler made the great discovery last week that air could be reduced to a liquid as easily as water could be frozen by artificial means. Liquid air at once became the marvel of science. Its properties are so wonderful as to be almost past belief. Liquid air has a temperature of 312 degrees below zero. It is more explosive than nitro glycerine when confined. It is as harmless as water when not kept under pressure. Its color is a steady, transparent blue. Though so intensely cold it boils without being near a fire. It makes a piece of steel burn as brightly as a sulphur match.

Mr. Tripler made many experiments in his laboratory in West Eighty-ninth street, New York. One of the most surprising was the burning of a piece of steel in a cup of ice. The inventor first made a cup of ice. He did this by taking a tin shaker such as drug clerks use in making a milk shake. He filled this with liquid air, dipped it into a jar of water and held it there for twenty seconds. In that short time, one-third of a minute, the liquid air caused the water to freeze half an inch thick all about the tin beaker.

Mr. Tripler then poured out the liquid air, removed the tin beaker and held in his hand the perfectly shaped cup of ice which had been formed.

"Now, I will show you a strange thing," said Mr. Tripler. He filled the cup of ice with liquid air. Then, taking a piece of steel wire, one end of which had been heated red hot over a gas flame, he plunged the hot end into the inconceivably cold liquid air. Instantly it flamed up as if it were a powder fuse and burned until the whole length which had been dipped in the liquid air was consumed as if it had been a match.

This curious experiment is explained on the theory that there is so much oxygen condensed in liquid air that it can burn metals as easily as wood is ignited in ordinary atmosphere.

Another strange sight is a kettle incrustated in ice, which is boiling over a gas flame. The explanation is that the kettle is filled, not with water, but with liquid air. The vapor which pours out of the nozzle like steam is the liquid air expanding into a fog and then becoming natural air.

Liquid Air Boiling on Ice.

Mr. Tripler then made an experiment which he described as "boiling water by the use of liquid air." He poured a pint of liquid air into a large two-gallon glass jar of water. The liquid air, being lighter than the water floated on top like foam.

A singular freak of liquid air was then displayed. Drops of it, snow white descended toward the bottom of the jar and then arose to the surface again. This was the nitrogen of the liquid air trying to escape. The experiment was planned by his hand over the top of the jar and caused the vapor to spurt out in any direction he desired.

The most common operations in handling liquid air are calculated to excite wonder. The mere act of taking it out of a vessel with a dipper causes a furious display of vapor. The air all about is made distressingly cold. The reason is that as the liquid air expands into natural air it absorbs the heat from the surrounding atmosphere.

Its vapor is only its transition stage. It is then just midway between the liquid and gaseous state. This vapor can be made to produce a pretty laboratory geyser that spurts up and subsides with the regularity of volcanic geyser springs in different parts of the world.

Yet this mysterious chemical fluid that seems so harmless and entertaining is more powerful than nitro-glycerine when confined. A test of its explosive qualities showed this.

A handful of cotton waste was first saturated with machine oil. It was next rolled in liquid air and then placed loosely inside an inch and a quarter iron pipe, two feet long. This was in turn set inside of a heavy six-inch iron pipe, which was two feet eight inches long. The ends of both the pipes were left open. A fuse was attached to the ball of oil and liquid air soaked cotton waste in the smaller pipe. The precaution was taken of preparing this experiment in an open place. The fuse was then fired. The explosion which followed tore two big holes through the thick outer pipe. While the smaller inside pipe was blown into bits, except one twisted end four inches long.

Liquid air does many other curious things. It freezes mercury into a solid metal that looks like lead.

Alcohol, which is used for measuring the coldest arctic temperature it is commonly thought cannot be frozen. But its freezing point, 200 degrees below zero, is easily reached and surpassed by liquid air, with its temperature of 312 below zero.

Mr. Tripler suggests that it would furnish the best kind of smokeless powder for our war ships. It could be made on board just as it might be needed. Magazines filled with dangerous explosives would no longer be necessary.

# TO WAKE AT A FIXED TIME.

Processes By Which the Mind Takes the Place of an Alarm Clock.

One of the most interesting phases connected with sleep is that in which a determination, formed over night, that one should wake at a certain hour, acts true to the appointed time. In certain instances with which I am acquainted the idea acts perfectly. In others, it acts occasionally, and in other cases again, it fails completely. The explanation of this habit depends on what one may term a "dominant idea," or an idea fixe, as the French term it.

There is something akin to this waking notion to the "dominant idea" with which a hypnotist may impress his facile subject. If we substitute for the hypnotist the individual himself, or, mayhap, the idea of the friend who has been impressing upon him the necessity of sounding the reveille at a given hour in the morning, we can discern a rational, logical action with a fair degree of clearness.

The dominant idea in the shape of the necessity for awakening at a certain time is impressed on the brain, and is probably transmitted to those automatic or lower centres which rule our mechanical acts, which are responsible for the visions of the night, and which are capable of carrying out either in the entire absence of consciousness or in the exercise of a subconscious condition, many complicated actions. Through the hours of sleep the dominant idea remains impressed on these lower centres. The head of the business sleeps on while the night-watchman is awake, and so, prompt to the time, or shortly before or after it, the slumbering brain is awakened to the full measure of its activity.—Harper's Magazine.

A Wild Animal Farm.

There is to be a wild animal farm to be started on three of the islands among the Florida keys. The scheme was devised by the Klinging Brothers, who are preparing to stock a herd for their circus.

Wild animals of every description are to be brought from Asia, Africa and South America and turned loose in their new homes. Parts of the islands are wooded, and in some places there are thick undergrowths like jungles. The beasts will be divided into three classes, according to their ability to get along together, and each class will have an island all to itself.

Expeditions are now being fitted out to make extensive search in every part of the world for zoological specimens. The hunters depart with the intention of bringing back from Asia and Africa great numbers of tigers, elephants, lions, hippopotami, rhinoceros, sacred oxen, hyenas, giraffes, porcupines and all the natives of the hot countries, and from North and South America black and cinnamon bears, mountain lions and specimens of all the animals inhabiting the western hemisphere. Specially designed boats will be provided for the transportation of the animals to the islands. The simpler part of a work of such magnitude will require some time, and it is expected it will be at least five years before the farm is in perfect working order. When the animals are once landed on the islands their surroundings and food will be as nearly as possible like that to which they are accustomed in their native haunts. The hot climate animals will be allowed to construct their own dens in the woods and jungles, and calves, goats and sheep will be driven out among them, so that they can bring down their own provisions. Small fresh water streams run almost across all three islands and empty into the sea, so that the animals that are in constant need of fresh water will be supplied.

Large and strongly built houses will be erected for the keepers. When it is desired to capture any of the animals regular hunting expeditions will be organized to take them just as they are trapped on their native heaths. But in this case the hunters will have an immense advantage over the system used in the past. They will know every foot of the islands, and will be thus enabled to lay traps for the wild beasts and capture them without the least danger to life or limb. On account of the danger visitors never will be allowed on the islands, and no boats will be allowed to touch the shores excepting those belonging to the circus.

Unhealthy to Eat Alone.

The solitary eater is always tempted to eat too large mouthfuls and swallow them too quickly, and either to eat too much or too little. Eating is only one part of feeding, and without digestion is not only useless, but injurious.

Those who eat in company have to devote a certain amount of time to talking and attending to each other's wants. This makes the period between the mouthfuls longer and gives more time for digestion.

Then, again, conversation at meal times usually takes a cheerful turn, and the tone of both mind and body is raised, the heart and nervous system act better, the flow of digestive juices is stimulated, and a larger amount of actual nourishment is obtained from a smaller quantity of food.

In a word, the man who eats in company eats more like a man, and feels like an animal than he who feeds alone, so his food does him more good in every way.

Exercise for the Calves.

That results which seem incredible can be obtained in the development of the muscles without resorting to gymnastic practice or using expensive apparatus and without the slightest interference with the subject's usual mode of life has been learned with pleasure by a young man in German town, Pa. He bought a bicycle last summer and proposed to ride it, but his legs were so small that in bike pants he was jeered at wherever he went, and soon his wheel was rusty from disuse.

He determined then to enlarge his calves, and in the fall he began the simple exercise of standing with stiff knees flat-footed, then rising as high as possible on his toes and repeating this until thoroughly tired. His calves are now two inches bigger. Thirty miles in succession was the limit of his endurance the first day, but five hundred miles do not fatigue him now. He has been averaging daily since that time ten minutes on getting up, ten minutes before luncheon and ten before retiring.

# BOSTON & MAINE R. I.

Southern Division

PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Leave the following stations for Boston

Concord and intermediate stations—

Portsmouth, 8.30 a. m., 12.45, 3.35 p. m. Greenland Village, 8.30 a. m., 12.45, 3.35 p. m. Rockingham Junction, 9.05 a. m., 1.07, 5.50 p. m. Epping, 9.32 a. m., 1.21, 6.08 p. m. Raymond, 9.52 a. m., 1.38, 6.15 p. m.

Returning leave

Concord, 7.45, 10.55 a. m., 3.30 p. m. Manchester, 8.25, 11.15 a. m., 4.50 p. m. Raymond, 9.10, 11.45 a. m., 5.05 p. m. Epping, 9.52 a. m., 12.00, 5.15 p. m. Rockingham Junction, 9.57 a. m., 12.17, 5.35 p. m. Greenland Village, 10.21 a. m., 12.32, 6.00 p. m.

Trains connect at Rockingham Junction for Exeter, Haverhill, Lawrence and Boston. Trains connect at Manchester and Concord for Plymouth, Woodville, Lancaster, St. Johnsbury, Newport, Vt., Montreal and the west.

Eastern Division

Trains Leave Portsmouth for

Boston, 5.50, 7.30, 8.15, 10.35, a. m., 2.21, 6.38, 7.28 p. m. Sundays, 8.30, 9.40 a. m., 2.21, 5.00 p. m. Returning, 7.30, 8.00, 10.15 a. m., 12.30, 3.30, 4.45, 7.30, 7.45 p. m. Sundays, 8.30, 9.40 a. m., 2.21, 5.00 p. m. Somersworth, 5.50, 8.20 a. m., 6.40, 7.30 p. m. Portland, 6.45, 10.45 a. m., 2.45, 5.40, 9.30 p. m. Sundays, 10.45 a. m., 6.35 p. m. Returning, 2.00, 9.00 a. m., 12.45, 5.00 p. m. Sundays, 2.00 a. m., 12.45 p. m.

Somersworth and Rochester, 9.45, 9.55, a. m., 2.40, 5.45, 5.50 p. m. Returning, Leamington, 6.35, 7.42, 10.11 a. m., 4.08, 6.38 p. m.; Leave Rochester, 7.19, 9.47 a. m., 2



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M. M. TILTON,  
Editors and Proprietors.

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## FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS.

You want local news! Read the Herald. More local news than all other local dailies combined. Try it

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1899.

Thus far the democratic contest for the speakership is about as exciting as a foot race with an empty cider barrel as the prize.

Chicago boasts that she uses 41,000,000 pounds of soap every year. And there is no sign that she is extravagant with it, either.

Agnaldo formally announces that he is not dead. Yet the chances are that he will wish he were before this Philippine affair is ended.

Official experts estimate that the Nicaragua canal will cost \$118,113,790. And business men generally agree that it will be worth the money.

June seems to have come in with a rose in one hand and a gas-heater in the other. Both her spirits and her temperature are so far undeniably high.

Boston is now the scene of a violent anti-smoke campaign. Naturally, the first thing in order should be the snuffing out of the Atkinsons and other smudges.

According to some accounts the window glass trust is trying to smash all competition. The prospect is that it will have nothing but its troubles for its pains.

Even Police Captain Price could not resist the temptation to make a living picture of himself before the Mazet committee. The captain made a fine vaudeville spectacle.

Hairstones as large as hen's eggs are falling in some portions of the west. Yet here and there you find a doubting Thomas who can't believe that the summer season has arrived.

Before returning to America, Admiral Dewey will visit the King of Greece. It may be that the hero of Manila wants to give his majesty a few points on the theory and practice of war.

England has just placed extraordinarily large orders for ten-inch shells and other munitions of war. Possibly her reports from the peace conference at The Hague have been incorrectly deciphered.

Some superficial observers take Admiral Dewey's refusal to write for the magazines as a sign that he is ill. More thoughtful persons, however, accept it as proof that he is enjoying first-rate health, both mental and physical.

Altgeld, of Illinois, has made up his mind that the country will ask the politicians next year not what they think of trusts, but what they are going to do about them. It is therefore in order for Mr. Bryan to stop guessing at symptoms and write a prescription.

Spain's Greatest Need

Mr. R. P. Oliver, of Barcelona, Spain, spends his winters at Aiken, S. C. Weak nerves had caused severe pains in the back of the head, in using Electric Bitter. America's greatest blood and nerve remedy, all pain soon left him. He says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All America knows that it cures liver and kidney trouble, purifies the blood, tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life into every muscle, nerve and organ of the body. If weak, tired or ailing, you need it. Every bottle guaranteed, only 50 cents. Sold by Globe Grocery Co.

Can't have perfect health without pure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood. Tones and invigorates the whole system.

Eden's Four Flowers With Castor Oil. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 50c. 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

## BIG WARSHIPS.

North Atlantic Squadron Will Remain Here Four Days.

Admiral Sampson Outlines His Cruise.—Will Arrive Here About July 15th.

The following letter, received from Rear Admiral W. T. Sampson, U. S. N., regarding the movements of the North Atlantic Squadron, will be read with much interest here:

UNITED STATES FLAGSHIP NEW YORK, (Newport, R. I., June 3rd, 1899.)

My Dear Sir:—In reply to your letter of June 1st, I enclose herewith a copy of our itinerary, which is as definite as anything thus far known.

We will visit Portsmouth before visiting Portland, and shall stay there about four days. Very respectfully,  
W. T. Sampson,  
Rear Admiral, U. S. Navy.

North Atlantic Squadron.

The following will be the general scope of summer's cruise:  
Leave Newport for Boston about June 15th.

Return to Newport from Boston about the 25th.

Leave Newport for Portsmouth and Portland the second week in July; returning to Newport in about two weeks from departure.

Leave Newport for Bar Harbor about the first of August and return to Newport in about seventeen days.

During the stay at Newport opportunity will be taken for attending lectures at the war college and for special drills in landing, etc.

About half the time of absence from Newport will be taken up in squadron exercises and target practice.

SWORE OUT A COMPLAINT.

DOVER, June 6.—United States District Attorney Hamblett swore out a complaint before United States Commissioner Kelley of Portsmouth today for the arrest of Hough. The complaint alleges a misappropriation of \$10,000 of the Coheco National bank. A travel salesman in town today made the statement that he saw Harry Hough in the waiting room of the Boston & Albany depot in Boston, last Sunday afternoon. Mr. Hough as treasurer of the savings bank gave bonds of \$20,000. He did not furnish bonds to the National bank as he was not an official of that institution, simply being lured by Cashier Haley as his assistant at a salary of \$600. He received \$900 per year from the savings bank. Mrs. Hough informed County Solicitor Scott today that her husband had some trouble with the bank in 1894 and that she had furnished \$6000 of her money to settle the affair. The \$3,500 that was paid the bank Monday morning was also money belonging to Mrs. Hough.

TO ENLIST 270 APPRENTICE-BOYS.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The navy department has directed the enlistment of 270 naval apprentices, as follows: On board the receiving ship Vermont at New York, eighty; on board the receiving ship Wabash at Boston, sixty; on board the receiving ship Richmond at League Island, Pa., sixty; at the recruiting station at Chicago, forty; and at the recruiting station at Cincinnati, thirty. All these apprentice boys are to be sent to the training station at Newport, R. I., to be prepared for service as able seamen.

PORTSMOUTH BOY WINS FIRST PRIZE.

DURHAM, N. H., June 6.—The Smith prize speaking at the New Hampshire college took place this evening. The prizes were awarded as follows:

Reading—First prize, Harry W. Evans, Portsmouth; second prize, Elmer E. Lyons, Wentworth.

Speaking—First prize, Grace M. Mark, Gilsun; second prize, David C. Bartlett, Manchester; third prize, divided between Monno Robinson of Buffalo, N. Y., and Etta D. Simpson of Derry.

IS AT THE STATE HOUSE.

PORTLAND, June 6.—The Argus has it on the most reliable authority that Speaker Reed's resignation is at the state house at the present moment. It is ready to be presented at the next meeting of the governor and council to be acted upon.

MARRIED A RICH WIDOW.

FARGO, DAKOTA, June 6.—Commodore W. K. Mayo of Washington, on the retired naval list, who received a divorce here last November, has returned here, accompanied by Mrs. M. S. Hall, said to be a wealthy Washington society widow. They were quietly married last night.

## IT IS BREAKFAST TIME!

"Don't want any." "It's time to go to work." "Leave me alone." "There you are, limp as a rag, lying in bed when there's good cold cash waiting for you down town. But your head is heavy. Your eyelids are lead. Your tongue tastes bad. And you don't care. It's liver—liver—liver. And stomach—stomach—stomach. You don't know it, but it's so."

There's just one remedy that will put vim in you—by giving you clean bowels, a healthy stomach, a lively liver, and blood that is rich and red and don't stagnate. It is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It puts an appetite in your stomach, a move to your bowels, life in your liver, and the stuff that builds bone, flesh and nerve in your blood. It will make you sleep at night, wake up in the morning, eat your meals and work with a zest. It cures all diseases resulting from improper and insufficient nourishment—lung, nerve, liver and blood troubles. It contains no alcohol to inebriate or create craving for stimulants. An honest dealer won't offer you an inferior substitute for a little extra profit.

In a letter received from A. D. Weller, Esq., of Pensacola, Fla., June 3, he states: "I have, since receiving your discovery, taken eight bottles of the Golden Medical Discovery, and must say that I am transformed from a weakling shadow (as my friends called me) to perfect health. I value your remedy very highly and take pleasure in recommending it to any and all who suffer as I did. Four months ago I did not think to be in shape to assist our 'Uncle Samuel' in case of hostilities, but, thanks to you, I am now ready for the 'dons'."

Keep your bowels open. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets will do it without griping. All medicine dealers.

A SILLY SUGGESTION.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The navy department has received a suggestion from the Portsmouth, Va., board of trade that the captured Spanish cruiser Reina Mercedes be completely rebuilt at the Norfolk navy yard, supplied with the very best guns and armor, and then be presented to the queen of Spain as evidence of the good will cherished by the United States for her country.

PECULIAR CATTLE DISEASE.

SOUTH HAMPTON, N. H., June 6.—Hon. N. J. Batchelder, chairman of the state board of health and cattle commissioner, has investigated the peculiar disease which has resulted in the death of several cattle in this town, and has taken a portion of the contents of the stomach for analysis, the result of which has not yet been made public.

KILLED HER DAUGHTER WHILE DERANGED.

SOMERVILLE, MASS., June 6.—While in a deranged state of mind, Mrs. Annie M. Robart, of No. 78 Albion street, gave her nine-months-old daughter a large dose of ether today and then drowned her in a bath tub, after which she attempted to end her own life by taking nearly a quarter of a pound of ether. She has returned to consciousness but not reason.

DAUGHTERS OF VETERANS.

CONCORD, N. H., June 6.—The second annual convention of the New Hampshire Daughters of Veterans was held here today, and among the officers elected was Mrs. Mary Keenan of Concord as president.

ROCKINGHAM CONFERENCE.

EXETER, N. H., June 6.—The annual meeting of the Rockingham conference of Congregational and Presbyterian churches was opened today at the church in Hampton and interesting exercises were held throughout the day.

THE WABASH MOVED.

Boston, June 6.—The historic old Wabash was today moved from her anchorage where she has laid undisturbed for more than a quarter of a century. Her removal was compulsory for the reason that her old berth was on a portion of the site of the new dry dock.

HER TOPMAST FELL.

BRISTOL, R. I., June 6.—The topmast of the Defender fell to the deck this afternoon while the yacht was sailing on trial off Newport, and narrowly missed killing a number of the crew.

BASE BALL.

Boston 9, Louisville 0; at Boston. Philadelphia 3, St. Louis 6; at Philadelphia. Baltimore 6, Pittsburg 3; at Baltimore. New York 9, Cleveland 6; at New York.

Washington 3, Chicago 1; at Washington. Brooklyn 6, Cincinnati 4; at Brooklyn.

Manchester 9, Pawtucket 5; at Manchester.

## NEWSBOYS ATTENTION!

Read What the Herald Has in Store For You.

A \$5.00 Present For Every Hustler

The army of Herald newsboys who have for years shunted their favorite paper on the street, are to be rewarded by the management.

The live newsboy is the success of a newspaper and the Herald appreciates that its faithful corps of newsboys have done much toward bringing it to the front rank as a local paper and in order to show a proper appreciation of their efforts will present all the hustlers with a new \$75.00 1899 bicycle.

The winners will be decided on June 25th.

Here is the plan—Every newsboy will be given a check when he purchases his papers showing the number he buys and when all checks are turned into the office on June 25th the two boys having the largest number will be presented with a wheel bearing the name "Herald". They are beauties and can now be seen at the Herald office.

The third largest will receive an elegant camera.

The Herald will also make every boy entering the contest and who comes within half the number of the leader a liberal cash prize.

Newsboys in any of the adjoining towns are eligible to enter the contest.

DROUTH IN NEW ENGLAND.

The Rainfall in April and May Was Very Small.

New England is daily getting more like an arid, unirrigated region. Farmers are seeing their season's profits disappearing under the influence of the relentless sun, and the broad hayfields and stretches of planted ground are yellow and bare. Where the grass should be long and nearing maturity it is thin and unseasonably stout, hardly worth the cutting.

The New England hayfield today is as valueless as a pasture where the cattle have kept the grass down. The gardens in many instances are devoid of any green sprouts, corn, grain, potatoes, peas, beans, and other early vegetable growths having barely poked their green leaves above the hard and parched surface.

Rain is needed in New England more seriously now than in any season on record. In many cases it has been so long deferred that a steady rainfall of several days would be of no avail, as many of the early garden products are beyond any hope of resuscitation. The hay crop in many sections of New England is already doomed, and only in well saturated meadow lands is the grass at all promising.

Country brooks, which have kept adjacent hay fields fresh and green in the face of previous long continued dry spells, have succumbed to the present drouth.

Alluvial soil, which has for years defied the season of parching sun, is now as hard and dry as the country road with its inches of dust. In fact, there is hardly a farm in the six New England states sufficiently irrigated to produce healthy, seasonable crops after two such months as April and May of this year.

The drouth is practically confined to New England, as rains have been plentiful in the West, while the middle West has also been fairly well supplied with moisture. But in New England there has not even been any maternal dew.

MAY PLEAD GUILTY.

A persistent rumor about the court house, yesterday and today was that Parks, the Kittery murderer, would not stand trial but would plead guilty Monday. The Record correspondent was unable to find any authority for this report. Parks' counsel was not present and County Attorney Mathews did not know anything about such a change of program and is ready to go ahead with the case. The rumor is so persistent, however, that a good many believe there is some grounds for it.—Baldwin Record.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Today, and every day next week, our advertised agents, the Globe Grocery Co., will sell you a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, "The Best Salve in the World," and guarantee it to cure Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or haemorrhoids.

H. E. BUCKLEN & CO., Chicago, Ill.

## NEWSY GLEANINGS FROM

OUR SUBURBAN TOWNS.

DOVER POINT.

DOVER POINT, June 6.

The steamer H. A. Mathes went down river yesterday having in tow the barge Berwick. Captain Lathrop, with 150,000 bricks from H. M. Robert's yard, for Boston.

The schooner Wilson and Willard, Capt. Addison, with 10,000 brick from Geo. W. Fort's yard sailed for Bos on today.

The steamer towed the barges No. 10, and Dover up river last night; the former to load at Mrs. Clark's yard. Elliot, Me., the latter at Mrs. Mathes' yard, Durham.

The steamer Iva went up river this morning having in tow the gondola Alice. Capt. Nute with 80 tons of coal for Exeter.

The steamer Lester I. towed two barges loaded with coal up to Dover this morning.

The schooner Estrella, Capt. Coleman, from Boston light went up river this morning to load brick at Courser's yard.

James Drew, Esq., is in Concord today on business.

Henry Yeaton, the well known merchant of Portsmouth, was here this morning on business.

Capt. Garland of the schooner James A. Gray, which is loading a cargo of bricks at Gray's yard, Saco, Me., spent yesterday at his home in Newington.

There is to be a dance at Riverview hall this evening. Stiles' orchestra of Dover will furnish music. The managers are the Misses Cassie and Margaret Maguire and Miss Florence Morang. All are invited.

YORK

YORK, June 5.

Mrs. Paik and daughter Miss Brooks spent a few days in Boston returning Saturday evening.

Chase's Pond water has been brought into the house of Mr. Jerry Melville at the Village also pipes, are being laid to furnish the Wilcox mansion.

Mr. Walter M. Smith and his daughter Mrs. Hungerford of Sarnford, Conn., were in town Saturday the guests of Mrs. Jerry Melville.

The services were conducted on Sunday by the several pastors as usual. Preparations are being made for the observance of Children's day in the various churches.

The mercury ranges today in the nineties and the wind and dust are almost insufferable.

The projected transfer of real estate on York river is creating a great deal of interest in the immediate locality. Never were the wooded banks of the beautiful river more attractive than at the present time.

Mr. A. McIntire of Brizum now employed in Manchester is in town soliciting orders for piano tuning, etc.

GREENLAND

GREENLAND, June 7.

Earl Baker, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Waldron died at his home yesterday at the age of 8 months. The heartfelt sympathy of Greenland is extended to the parents in their sad bereavement.

Mr. George W. Lord, with the assistance of a carpenter, is shingling his house on the Tide Mill road.

Mrs. George W. Brackett and son, Ray, were in Portsmouth yesterday.

The Greenland baseball team are to play in Raymond one week from Saturday.

Mr. George W. Duntley was in Newington yesterday.

Rev. J. A. M. Chapman has been in Philadelphia the past few days on business.

Wouldn't it be a good idea for us to drop the expression "Hot, ain't it?" for we fully believe the parties asked that question are well aware of the fact especially for the last two days.

AN ORIGINAL TAX WARRANT.

A few days ago a gentleman of this city found the original tax warrant issued by John Taylor Gilman, treasurer of the state of New Hampshire, against the town of Dartmouth in 1786. This was forwarded to John A. Hicks, town clerk of Jefferson, which was formerly Dartmouth.

Yesterday a second old tax warrant was found in a lot of old papers and it was sent today to Town Clerk Hicks. This document is signed by J. T. Gilman, treasurer at Exeter on March 20, 1788. The paper is remarkably well preserved, the writing being as plain as the day on which it was written.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day

"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Geo. Hill Druggist Portsmouth.

To Cure Constipation Forever. Take Cascaree Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

## Classified Advertisements.

Small advertisements go bold without price

Seven Words to a Line.

Such as Wants, For Sale and To Let. 50 cents per week. 25 cents one insertion.

WANTED—Care of bad health that R.I. P.A.N.S. will not benefit. send 5 cents to Hyman Chemical Co., New York, for 10 same pills and 1,000 testimonials.

TOILET—Furnished room with steam heat. Apply at 34 Fleet street.

Plans for sale. High grade upright piano. been used very little, must be sold. Ad dress G. H. Box 313, Dover, N. H.

Said 10 cents to us and we will send you a box of our Dandruff and Scalp Care. F. McKim 4 over N. H.

FOR SALE.—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S. for 5 cents a druggists. One gives relief.

WANTED—Christian man or woman to qualify for permanent office work. Salary \$300. Enclose reference and self-addressed, stamped envelope to Director, care of Portsmouth Herald.

WANTED—By an elderly lady, a situation as housekeeper in an elderly gentleman's home, or would care for home of parties going abroad for the season.

Call at 11 Spring street, Dover, N. H. Mrs. M. E. Frye.

Professional Cards.

W. O. JUNKINS, M. D.

Residence, 98 State St. Office, 26 Congress St. Portsmouth, N. H.

OFFICE HOURS: 1 A. M. 3 P. M. 7:30 to 10 Evenings

C. D. HINMAN, D. D. S.

DENTAL ROOMS, 18 MARKET SQUARE. Portsmouth, N. H.

F. S. TOWLE, M. D.

78 State Street, Portsmouth, N. H. Office Hours:

Out 1 A. M. 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 P.

GET YOUR SPRING AND SUMMER SUITS OF

O'LEARY, THE TAILOR.

At the Lowest Prices

Suits and Overcoats, \$13 and Up

Pants, \$3.50 " "

Also Cleaning, Repairing and Pressing. Satisfaction and full Guarantee.

5 Bridge Street.

STANDARD BRAND.

Newark cement.

400 Barrels of the above Cement Just Landed.

THIS COMPANY'S CEMENT

Has been on the market for the past fifty years. It has been used on the

Principal Government and Other

Public Works,

And has received the commendation of Engineers, Architects and Consumers generally. Persons wanting cement should not be deceived. Obtain the best.

FOR SALE BY

JOHN E. BROUGHTON.

Gray & Prime

DELIVER

COAL

IN BAGS!

NO DUST NO NOISE.

1 Market St. Telephone 2-4

COAL AND WOOD.

O. E. WALKER & CO.,

Commission Merchant

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Coal and Wood

Office 65, State and Water Sts. PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

H. W. Nickerson,

Embalmer and Funeral

Director,

5 Daniel St., Portsmouth, N. H.

Calls by night at residence, 6 Court street, or at J. A. Snow's, 16 Gates street, will receive prompt attention.

Telephone at Office and Residence.



## A MYSTERIOUS MURDER.

Mme. Flamant, a Pretty Parisian Widow Who Had Seen Better Days, Slain.

### THIRTY GHASTLY GASHES

Her Arms Tattooed With Promises of Undying Love Vowed to Two Men.

Had Pledged "Love for Life" to Jean Boret and Maurice and Neither is Known to the Police Who Have Several Theories—Robbery Was Clearly Not the Motive.

A short time ago Mme. Clemence Flamant was found dead in her room in the Rue Moret, Paris. She had been slain by repeated dagger thrusts—slain by some one who had stabbed and gashed the prone and helpless body until her strength was exhausted. Both arms of the murdered woman were tattooed in strange fashion.

Each bore a promise of undying love each promise was made, apparently, to a different man, and each was guarded by a tattooed dagger, emblematic of the death that would come if the vow were broken.

The tattooing was the only clue. From it the police believe that the murderer had been Mme. Flamant's suitor. But which suitor? And wither did he die?

And who is he? It is the strangest crime in a city of strange crimes.

Mme. Flamant had lived at No. 107 Rue Moret for some years. She was apparently a widow of refined antecedents but moderate means. Her rooms were cheaply but comfortably furnished and neatly kept.

She had no relatives and was regarded by those about her as a model neighbor and tenant. Her life was regular, even to monotony. She took her meals in the Parisian fashion, in neighboring cafes and restaurants, but spent much of her time in her room.

The night she was killed, Mme. Flamant went out to dinner. The time of her return was not noted.

When the concierge was passing down the stairs next morning, Mme. Flamant's door was seen to be partly open, and curiosity prompted the custodian of the house to look inside. The

woman was discovered dead, and the police were promptly notified. The body was cold, showing that death had occurred several hours previously. An examination disclosed the following words tattooed on the right arm: *J'aimé Maurice Des Canettes Pour La Vie, 1898.*

The date proved at once that Mme. Flamant, whatever her past may hide of hardship or romance, was not past the age of romance.

For the message read: "I love Maurice of the faucets for life, 1899."

"Maurice the Tank" would be a fair rendering of the nickname. It is not a pretty nickname, but it is Parisian.

Beneath this strange pledge was a crude design—a heart outlined in red, pierced by a blue dagger.

It was a promise of undying love, backed by a grimly suggestive threat of death if the promise were ever broken.

When the left arm was examined a device equally curious was revealed. *J'aimé pour la vie Jean Boret* were inscribed about a rude picture of a dagger and two hearts chained together and signed "Jean Boret."

This pledge was without date, and the question at once arose as to which tattoo had been first affixed.

Then the Lecons of the Parisian police, to whom nothing is more dear than a cunning theory, "reconstructed" the crime after their manner.

Jean Boret, they concluded, had been Mme. Flamant's suitor—perhaps years ago, certainly before Maurice. Because of his presumed partiality for tattooing they conclude that he must have followed the sea, though this is not evident, now that society women have taken to tattooing as a fad, as they have other foolish fads.

Boret had gone away—this is all conjecture, of course—and Mme. Flamant, who had been gently reared, had come to want unreasonably by him and had been wooed to more modest quarters where a new lover had found the way to her heart, perhaps aided in his conquest by her poverty.

The second tattooing is more difficult to explain. It may be merely one of those coincidences which make real life stranger than any tale of the imagination. It may be that some incautious remark of Mme. Flamant revealed the truth to Maurice.

More probably, perhaps, the dead woman herself, urging on her own fate as women will, proffered the test and proof of her affection, and added the date as if to efface the memory of Boret by a later declaration, even if she could not strip from her beautiful arm the promise she had made him.

At this point the police theory divides.

First—Did Jean return to Paris and punish the woman's faithlessness in the manner indicated by the design of the pierced heart?

Second—Had Clemence heard from or communicated with her first lover? Had he returned from the past to renew his claim upon her heart, and did Maurice inflict the punishment of death upon her?

Gertrude—Oh, Percy, I'm afraid papa will miss me so, for we are married. Percy (shocked)—What! Is he going away?—Judge.

## WEALTH IN MINE DEBRIS.

Old Prospector Makes a Fortune Out of the "Tailings."

There are some men in this world who have to toil for a mere apology of a living—and then there are others. One of these latter is Mr. Luce, of the Cargo Muchacho. Luce's experience reads like a romance. For twenty years he had knocked about the coast, on the desert, in the mountains, prospecting and mining, and had finally, by hard work and the closest economy, managed to scrape together a few hundred dollars.

One day on the shores of the Colorado some twenty miles north of Yuma, he met an old Mexican, who told him of a deserted mine some ten miles back from the river and seven miles north of Hedges. Luce's experience was aroused, and he visited that mine, to find there an abandoned twenty-stamp mill which had pounded away for many years and finally shut down.

Luce examined the property and discovered that there was a small mountain of tailings, the accumulation of years, piled up behind the mill. He tested these tailings with cyanide. Then he measured the pile roughly and estimated there was over 100,000 tons of the stuff there. That night he wrote to the president of the company in New York City offering ten cents per ton for the tailings on a basis of 100,000 tons. The president read the letter, looked surprised, and called the directors together. They read the letter, looked wise, tapped their foreheads significantly and laughed to each other.

"This poor fellow Luce should be called 'goose,'" said one.

"Desert's proved too much for him—probably gone daff," observed another.

Not one of them thought these tailings were worth anything, and they had almost entirely forgotten that old mine out on the Colorado desert. But they answered the letter, telling Luce to go ahead.

On receipt of the letter Luce immediately erected a cyanide plant, costing him about \$100 of his own and his friends' money. Then he hired fifteen Mexicans and Indians and began work on these tailings. One day some representatives of the mine company were returning from San Francisco, and passing through the desert, they thought they would visit the mine.

"How are you?" said Luce. "Glad to see you. By the way, we might as well fix up our little accounts now as at any time," and so saying he threw the astonished Gothenmites a check for \$10,000. Then he explained that in the nine months he had been running the cyanide plant he had cleaned up \$45,000, and that there was plenty of tailing in sight to net him \$200,000 within three years.

Words of Sir Walter Besant.

Sir Walter Besant, writing in the London Queen, says:

"A Spanish lady has written to the editor of the paper concerning certain remarks of mine about the sympathies of the English race. I am very sorry that any words of mine should have given offense to any Spaniard. History, however, cannot be set aside out of politeness. The Spanish nation has always shown many great and noble qualities; never at any time have they failed to command the respect of their enemies; but we cannot help remembering that they were our enemies from the middle of the sixteenth century to the beginning of the nineteenth century; we stood for freedom of thought; they stood for authority; we stood for the liberty of the people; they stood for despotism. To recall these facts, and all that they mean, ought not to offend anyone. I take off my hat with the greatest respect to the Spaniard. 'Sir, you are a gentleman by birth and long descent; you are also a gentleman by breeding; you are a gentleman of courage tried and proved, and of patriotism undoubted; you are like Don Quixote for honor and for courtesy. But, sir, you do not think as we do; and in the present crisis our sympathies are naturally with the people who do think as we do.'"

Need of Covering During Sleep.

The reason it is necessary to be well covered while sleeping is that when the body lies down it is the intention of nature that it should rest, and the heart especially should be relieved of its regular work temporarily. So that organ makes ten strokes a minute less than when the body is in an upright position. This means 600 strokes in sixty minutes. Therefore, in the eight hours that a man usually spends in taking his night's rest, the heart is saved nearly 5,000 strokes. As it pumps six ounces of blood with each stroke it lifts 30,000 ounces less of blood in this night's session than it would during the day, when a man is usually in an upright position. Now, the body is dependent for its warmth on the vigor of the circulation, and as the blood flows so much more slowly through the veins when one is lying down, the warmth lost in the reduced circulation is supplied by extra coverings.

A New Patent Cork.

A German patent has recently been granted for making corks tighter. The surface of the cork—that is the broad, ring surface which comes in contact with the glass—is burnt in such a manner, or treated with a corrosive, that in place of the smooth, plush-like surface, such of a rough appearance is obtained. The complete tightening is brought about by increasing the adhesion to the glass.

A French firm has announced that it has devised an apparatus by which a single bicycle may be run at a speed of thirty miles an hour, and a tandem at fifty.

## AGAINST USE OF CORSETS.

Chicago, Saxony and Russia Make a Concerted Attack Upon Steel Ribbed Casing.

### THEY WILL HAVE TO GO.

So Say a Great Many Health Specialists—But Women Have the Deciding Vote—What Will They Say?

The Influence of Dress Upon the Physical Structure of Women—Appearance and Fashion's Deceit More Thought of Than Sound Bodies and Good Health. Unconscionable and Injurious.

The Minister of Education of Saxony has signed a decree forbidding schoolgirls to wear corsets.

The Russian Minister of Public Instruction has published an order that young women attending high schools, universities and music and art schools shall not wear corsets.

The Oakland Health Club of Chicago has endorsed the acts of both these officials and has pledged itself to stop tight lacing.

These three facts show that the war upon the corset and its consequent destruction of the most beautiful thing in the world—a man's mother—is being renewed in very high official places, and that it is being fought as it was never fought before.

The Oakland Health Club has given out this emphatic official statement:

"It is a known fact that there is more sickness among women than ever before. One scarcely meets a healthy woman. The corset represents a large measure of the responsibility of the ills to which women are heir."

The Oakland Health Club suggests Grecian costumes for women. The costumes of the ancient Greeks require no lacing to corsets.

The Saxony Minister of Education prescribes the mode of dress for school girls. The girls are required to wear a loose-fitting jacket or blouse, with a short, full, round skirt, loose at the belt.

The Russian Minister of Public Education offers no substitute for the corset nor concealment of the uncensored outlines. He confines himself to the decree. He only offers the explanation that he has spent much time in visiting girls' schools, and reports that the corset is "distinctly prejudicial to the health and physical development of the wearers."

Dr. J. H. Kellogg is one of the leaders of war against stays. Dr. Kellogg has a formidable trail of titles which add weight to his words. He is a life member of the British Gynecological Society, member of the Societe d'Hygiene of France, of the American Medical Association, the British and American Association for the advancement of Science, the American Climatological Society, the American Social Science Association and others. He is the author of a work on "The Evils of Fashionable Dress," that created a decided stir and a short-lived dress reform among women a few years ago. He has just now published a work on the same question entitled, "The Influence of Dress in Producing the Physical Degradation of American Women."

"It is not worth while to spend any time in demonstrating that women are degenerating physically," says Dr. Kellogg in his treatise, "for there has not been a medical convention dinner within the last quarter of a century at which was not heard the toast, 'Woman, God's best gift to man and the chief support of the doctors!'"

"I recently addressed an audience of seven hundred women. I asked how many women present believed they were physically superior to their mothers. A bare half dozen raised their hands, and two or three looked timidly about, apparently as if to see if any one present was prepared to contest their claim. This was significant of the present attitude and the present strength of women. A falling off in the birth rate amounting to several million within the last ten years is one of the terrible evidences of the decline of stamina in American women."

Dr. Kellogg says that to compression of the waist is due—

"First, downward displacement of the abdominal and pelvic organs, and numerous functional organic diseases growing out of this disturbance of the static relation of the organs."

"Second, lack of development of the muscles of the trunk, which by long compression and disuse lose their functional activity, resulting in drooping shoulders, flat or hollow chest, sunken epigastrium and straight spine."

"Third, an ungraceful and unnatural carriage of the body in sitting, standing and walking."

"Fourth, an abnormal mode of respiration."

"The strong and beautiful curves which are observed in a spilted horse are not only attractive from an aesthetic point of view, but are also of the highest significance from a psychological standpoint. The healthy, vigorous human figure, when it is held high, the neck and back strongly curved, the limbs firmly set, and the whole expression indicates vigor and strength. The same is equally true of the female body."

"An erect head, well-curved back, prominent chest, retracted abdomen and firmly set limbs, are indicative of an energized carriage of the body which is characteristic of health."

"The flat chest, posterior dorsal curve, projecting chin, protruding abdomen, are equally indicative of a relaxed and weak carriage of the body."

"The spiritless and tired horse holds his head down; he lacks the vigor and disposition to hold it up."

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## COULDN'T AFFORD IT

At Two Dollars an Inch Joe's Return Would Cost \$150, the Heckled.

"I was running a paper down in Tennessee then," declared the ex-news paper man whose only work now is to collect what other people owe him in the way of rents and interest. "One of the few fine looking women you find in the mountains of that region walked into the office one afternoon and said 'Be youns the ditor?'"

"Upon being informed that I enjoyed that distinction she looked me over as though greatly disappointed, and then told a long story of petty domestic difficulties that had led to the disappearance of her husband about two weeks before. Now she wanted to put in a nice advertisement, telling that he was forgiven, and that she longed to have him at home. How much would I charge her?"

"Two dollars an inch," I answered.

"Taking a pencil and a sheet of copy paper, she figured laboriously for pretty nearly an hour. At length she tore the paper into shreds, and was deliberately walking out of the office when I asked her if she thought the charge was too high."

"I don't reckon I know anything about your business, suh. But I never see that much money, let lon' handlin' of it. Joe's wuth it, but I figgers I'll never buy him back at them figgers. He's six foot three in his bare feet, suh, Joe is. At \$2 a inch I make it \$150. I'll jest have to go out an' git his trail an' foller."

"I didn't even smile, gentlemen. There was something noble in her resignation. I advertised 'Joe,' got other papers to copy, and we rounded him up. One morning there was a ten-gallon keg of moonshine whisky at my kitchen door, and I did not advertise for an owner."

A New Occupation for Tall Men.

Any very tall, thin man, with an angular cast of countenance, now acting as a volunteer in the army of the unemployed can get a more lucrative job in any one of a hundred places in New York, provided he is well over six feet in height. Almost any of the small clothing firms will take him, dress him up as Uncle Sam, affix a beard to his lower jaw and start him out in business as a walking advertisement.

According to his natural physical adaptability to the part he can make from \$1 to \$3 per day, and there is one personification of the national type now parading the streets who is said to get \$5 per day, and he certainly earns it if suitability for the part is the criterion. Although clothing firms chiefly affect this style of advertising, other lines of business have adopted it, and one nationally resplendent Yankee carries a fireworks advertising banner, another bears aloft the announcement of a bargain sale in flags, while others parade for soap, patent foods and sporting goods. It is even said that one firm has runners out along the Bowery and Eighth avenue in the lodging house districts, with orders to capture and convey to port any and all persons of the proper build, holding them up with broadsides of inducements if necessary. In the course of time it may be that there may be battles over the prizes in the streets, and the police courts may adjudicate upon rival captors of the eagerly sought models of Uncle Sam.

The Cat Assayed \$18.31.

An amusing mining story comes from the Mocking Bird mine in the Warm Springs district. L. J. Rowen, who owns and works the mine, also owns a pet cat. This cat climbs up and down the shaft, through drifts, crosscuts, stopes and levels, and lives down there most of the time, being fed by the miners from the contents of their dinner pails.

A brilliant idea struck Rowen the other day. He took the cat into the ore house and washed the hair as clean to the skin as it could possibly be washed. Then he panned the dirty water to the highest percentage, and the entire cat assayed \$18.31 on an assayer's scales. It is doubtful if any mine in the Rocky mountains can assay better than \$18.31 to the cat.

Burial of Motion Steel.

A curious story is told in the British War Office. Some years ago a workman was engaged in casting metal for the manufacture of ordnance at the Woolwich Arsenal, when he lost his balance and fell into a huge caldron containing twelve tons of molten steel. The metal was at white heat, and, of course, the unfortunate man was utterly consumed in an instant. The War Department authorities held a conference, and decided not to profane the dead by using the steel in the manufacture of ordnance, and the enormous mass of metal was actually interred and a Church of England clergyman read the burial service over it.

Mail Sorting Wagon.

The latest proposed improvement in the postal service is in the form of mail collecting and sorting wagons. These wagons would run in outlying districts, and, by having the mail sorted on them and placed in separate pouches, according to destination, much time could be saved that is now lost in sending mail to central stations, besides the saving in time of collection. Motor wagons are talked of for this service.

Annt Mary—Isn't that your mother calling you, Tommy?

Tommy—Yes'm.

Annt Mary—Well, why don't you answer?

Tommy—Oh, what's the use? Papa isn't at home.

## WONDERFUL LIQUID AIR.

A Discovery Which Will Likely Prove Extremely Beneficial to the Entire Race.

### SINGULAR EXPERIMENTS.

The Strange Substance Seems to Reverse the Ordinary Phenomena of Nature—Water Boils on Ice.

Has a Temperature of 312 Degrees Below Zero—More Explosive Than Nitro-Glycerine—Makes a Hot Piece of Steel Burn Like a Match—It Freezes Mercury Into a Solid Metal.

Charles E. Tripler made the great discovery last year that air could be reduced to a liquid as easily as water could be frozen by artificial means. Liquid air at once became the marvel of science. Its properties are so wonderful as to be almost past belief. Liquid air has a temperature of 312 degrees below zero. It is more explosive than nitro-glycerine when contained in a glass vessel as water when not kept under pressure. In color it is a strictly transparent blue. Though so intensely cold, it boils without being near a fire. It makes a piece of steel burn as brightly as a sulphur match.

Mr. Tripler made many experiments in his laboratory in West Eighth-street, New York. One of the most surprising was the burning of a piece of steel in a cup of ice. The inventor first made a cup of ice. He did this by taking a tin shaker such as drug clerks use in making a milk shake. He filled this with liquid air, dipped it in to a jar of water and held it there for twenty seconds. In that short time, one-third of a minute, the liquid air caused the water to freeze—half an inch thick all about the tin beaker.

Mr. Tripler then poured out the liquid air, removed the tin beaker and held in his hand the perfectly shaped cup of ice which had been formed.

"Now, I will show you a strange thing," said Mr. Tripler. He filled the cup of ice with liquid air. Then, taking a piece of steel wire, one end of which had been heated red hot over a gas flame, he plunged the hot end into the inconceivably cold liquid air. Instantly it flamed up as if it were a powder fuse and burned until the whole length which had been dipped in the liquid air was consumed as if it had been a match.

This curious experiment is explained on the theory that there is so much oxygen condensed in liquid air that it can burn metals as easily as wood is ignited in ordinary atmosphere.

Another strange sight is a kettle incriminated in ice, which is boiling over a gas flame. The explanation is that the kettle is filled, not with water, but with liquid air. The vapor which pours out of the nozzle like steam is the liquid air expanding into a fog and then becoming natural air.

Liquid Air Boiling on Ice.

Mr. Tripler then made an experiment which he described as "boiling water by the use of liquid air." He poured a pint of liquid air into a large two-gallon glass jar of water. The liquid air, being lighter than the water floated on top like foam.

A singular freak of liquid air was then displayed. Drops of it, snow white descended toward the bottom of the jar and then arose to the surface again. This was the nitrogen of the liquid air trying to escape. The experimenter placed his hand over the top of the jar and caused the vapor to spurt out in any direction he desired.

The most common operations in handling liquid air are calculated to excite the curiosity of the layman. It is then just midway between the liquid and gaseous state. This vapor can be made to produce a pretty fiery effect that sparks up and subsides with the regularity of volcanic geyser springs in different parts of the world.

Yet this mysterious chemical fluid that seems so harmless and entertaining is more powerful than nitro-glycerine when confined. A test of its explosive qualities showed this.

A handful of cotton waste was first soaked with machine oil. It was then rolled in liquid air and then placed loosely inside an inch and a quarter iron pipe, two feet long. This was in turn set inside of a heavy six-inch iron pipe, which was two feet eight inches long. The ends of both the pipes were left open. A fuse was attached to the ball of oil and liquid air soaked cotton waste in the smaller pipe. The precaution was taken of preparing this experiment in an open lot. The fuse was then fired. The explosion which followed tore two big holes through the thick outer pipe. While the smaller inside pipe was blown into bits, except one twisted and four inches long.

Liquid air does many other curious things. It freezes mercury into a solid metal that looks like lead.

Alcohol, which is used for measuring the coldest arctic temperature it is commonly thought cannot be frozen. But its freezing point, 200 degrees below zero, is easily reached and surpassed by liquid air, with its temperature of 312 below zero.

Mr. Tripler suggests that it would furnish the best kind of smokeless powder for our war ships. It could be made on board just as it might be. Magazine filled with dangerous explosives would no longer be necessary.

## TO WAKE AT A FIXED TIME.

Process by Which the Mind Takes the Place of an Alarm Clock.

One of the most interesting phases connected with sleep is that in which a determination is formed over night, that one should wake at a certain hour, acts true to the appointed time in certain instances with which I am acquainted. The idea acts perfectly; in others, it acts occasionally, and in other cases again, it fails completely. The explanation of this habit depends, of course, on the French term, "l'idée dominante," or the "dominant idea."

There is something akin in this waking notion to the "dominant idea" with which a hypnotist may impress his facile subject. If we substitute for the hypnotist the individual himself, or, mayhap, the idea of the friend who has been impressing upon him the necessity of sounding the reveille at a given hour in the morning, we can discern the rationale of the action with a fair degree of clearness.

The dominant idea in the shape of the necessity for awakening at a certain time is impressed on the brain, and is probably transmitted to those automatic or lower centres which rule our mechanical acts, which are responsible for the visions of the night, and which are capable of carrying out either in the entire absence of consciousness or in the exercise of a subconscious condition, many complex actions. Through the hours of sleep the dominant idea remains impressed on these lower centres. The lead of the business sleeps on while the night-watchman is awake; and so, prompt to the time, or shortly before or after it, the slumbering brain is awakened to the full measure of its activity.—Harper's Magazine.

A Wild Animal Farm.

There is to be a wild animal farm to be started on three of the islands among the Florida Keys. The scheme was devised by the Ringling Brothers, who are preparing to stock a herd for their circus.

Wild animals of every description are to be brought from Asia, Africa, and South America and turned loose in their new homes. Parts of the islands are wooded, and in some places there are thick undergrowths like jungles. The beasts will be divided into three classes according to their ability to get along together, and each class will have an island all its own.

Expeditions are now being fitted out to make extensive search in every part of the world for zoological specimens. The hunters depart with the intention of bringing back from Asia and Africa great numbers of tigers, elephants, lions, hippopotamuses, rhinoceroses, and all the natives of the hot countries, and from North and South America black and cinnamon bears, mountain lions and specimens of all the animals inhabiting the western hemisphere. Specially designed boats will be provided for the transportation of the animals to the islands. The completion of a work of such magnitude will require some time, and it is expected it will be at least five years before the farm is in perfect working order. When the animals are once landed on the islands their surroundings and food will be as nearly as possible like that to which they are accustomed in their native haunts. The hot climate animals will be expected to construct their own dens in the woods and jungles, and calves, goats and sheep will be driven out among them, so that they can bring down their own provisions. Small fresh water streams run almost across all three islands and empty into the sea, so that the animals that are in constant need of fresh water will be supplied.

Large and strongly built horses will be expected for the keepers. When it is desired to capture any of the animals regular hunting expeditions will be organized to take them just as they are trapped on their native heaths. But in this case the hunters will have an immense advantage over the system used in the past. They will know every foot of the islands, and will be thus enabled to lay traps for the animals and capture them without the least danger to life or limb. On account of the danger visitors never will be allowed on the islands, and no boats will be allowed to touch the shores excepting those belonging to the circus.

Unhealthy to Eat Alone.

The solitary eater is always tempted to eat too large meals, and swallow food too quickly, and either to eat too much or too little. Eating is only one part of feeding, and without digestion is not only useless, but injurious.

Those who eat in company have to devote a certain amount of time to talking and attending to each other's wants. This makes the period between the mouthfuls longer and gives more time for digestion.

Then, again, conversation at meal times usually takes a cheerful turn, and the tone of both mind and body is raised, the heart and nervous system act better, the flow of digestive juices is stimulated, and a larger amount of actual nourishment is obtained from a smaller quantity of food.

In a word, the man who eats in company eats more like a man and less like an animal than the man who feeds alone. His food does him more good in every way.

Exercise for the Calves.

That results which seem incredible can be obtained in the development of the muscles without resorting to gymnastic practice or using expensive apparatus and without the slightest strain on the system. The animal mode of life has been learned with pleasure by a young man in Germany, P. A. He bought a bicycle last summer and proposed to ride it, but his legs were so small that in bike pants he was feared at wherever he went, and soon his wheel was rusty from disuse.

He determined then to enlarge his calves, and in the fall he began the simple exercise of standing with stiff knees, flat-footed, then rising as high as possible on his toes and repeating this until thoroughly tired. His calves are now two inches bigger. Thirty rises in succession was the limit of his endurance the first day, but five hundred rises do not fatigue him now. He has been averaging daily since that time ten minutes on getting up, ten minutes before luncheon and ten before retiring.

## BOSTON & MAINE R. R.

Southern Division

PORTSMOUTH RAIL

[Winter Arrangement, Oct. 3, 1899]

Leave the following stations for Boston Concord and intermediate stations: Portsmouth, 8.30 a. m., 12.45, 5.35 p. m.; Greenland Village, 8.30 a. m., 12.45, 5.35 p. m.; Rockingham Junction, 9.00 a. m., 1.07, 5.00 p. m.; Epping, 9.20 a. m., 1.27, 5.07 p. m.; Raymond, 9.22 a. m., 1.29, 5.02 p. m.

Returning leave Concord, 7.45, 10.30 a. m., 5.30 p. m.; Manchester, 8.00, 11.10 a. m., 4.50 p. m.; Rockingham Junction, 8.20 a. m., 5.05 p. m.; Epping, 8.22 a. m., 5.07 p. m.; Greenland Village, 8.24 a. m., 5.07 p. m.

SPR Train connect at Rockingham Junction for Exeter, Haverhill, Lawrence and Boston. Trains connect at Manchester and Concord for Plymouth, Woodville, Lancaster, St. Johnsbury, Newport, Vt., Montreal and the west.

Eastern Division

TRAINS LEAVE PORTSMOUTH

Boston, 3.50, 7.30, 8.15, 10.35, a. m., 3.21, 5.30, 7.28 p. m. Sundays, 8.30, 8.50 a. m., 3.21, 5.30 p. m. Returning, 1.50, 9.00, 10.10 a. m., 12.30, 3.40, 4.45, 7.50, 7.48 p. m. Sundays, 4.40, 9.30, 10.10 a. m., 12.30, 3.40, 4.45, 7.50 p. m.

Portland, 9.35, 10.45 a. m., 3.45, 5.50, 7.50 p. m. Sundays, 10.45 a. m., 3.55 p. m. Returning, 2.00, 9.00 a. m



## SHIRT WAISTS

ARE NOW READY.

PIQUE, PERCALE, GINGHAM  
AND CALICO.

Prices 50 Cents to \$3.00.

LEWIS E. STAPLES,  
7 Market Street.

## THE ORIENT Guarantee

"We agree with the purchaser of each ORIENT bicycle to make good by repair or replacement when delivered at our factory during the current year, transportation prepaid, any imperfection or defect in material or manufacture of such bicycle, etc."

Compare this with the guarantee of any other wheel on the market.

LIGHT ROADSTER, \$50.00.

PHILBRICK'S  
BICYCLE STORE.

FRANKLIN BLOCK,  
Portsmouth, N. H.

## Stoddard's Stable

HAS BEEN FITTED OUT WITH  
NEW CARRIAGES.

You can get the handsomest and most comfortable turn-out in the state at

## STODDARD'S.

NEW HACKS, FOR WEDDINGS AND  
OTHER PARTIES

TELEPHONE 1-2.

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REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Islington Street.....	\$10,000
Union Street.....	7,000
Middle Street.....	2,000
Vaughan's Street.....	6,000
Shurtleff Road.....	6,000
Shurtleff Road.....	4,000
Richards Avenue.....	3,500
State Street.....	3,000
State Street.....	3,000
Daniel Street.....	3,000
Bridge Street.....	2,500
Tanner Street.....	2,000
Madison Street.....	2,000
St. Vernon Street.....	1,700
Wentworth Street.....	1,700
Spaulding Street.....	1,700
Jefferson Street.....	1,600
Warren Street.....	1,600
School Street.....	1,400
Hearborn Street.....	1,400
Water Street.....	1,200
Stark Street.....	1,200
Clinton Street.....	900

nd many others in Newcastle, Kittery, Green etc.  
FARM 5 in large variety. House Lots all sizes and prices.

Tobey's Real Estate Agency,  
32 Congress Street.

The scarcity and continued high price of Havana tobacco has had no effect on the quantity of

THE CELEBRATED

7-20-4

10 CENT CIGARS.  
They have always maintained their high standard. Strictly hand-made Sumatra wrapper and long Havana filler. For sale by all first-class dealers

At Wholesale in Portsmouth by  
FRED S. WENDELL, J. H. SWETT,  
Deer and Market Sts. Bridge S

R. C. SULLIVAN,  
MANUFACTURER,  
Manchester, N. H.

## THE HERALD.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1899.

### PERSONALS

Piazza parties are frequent and popular today.

Miss Elizabeth Kane is in Boston today.

Insects and ice men flourish this weather.

G. Ralph Loughton is a visitor in Boston today.

Walter Woods has rejoined his team in Boston.

Cherries may now be seen in the local fruit stores.

Ex-Mayor John S. Tilton is in Boston today on business.

L. B. Bodwell of Manchester was a visitor here on Tuesday.

Dr. George A. Bailey of Manchester was a visitor here on Tuesday.

L. V. Newell has gone to the mountains to take a number of views.

F. W. Pike of this city was in Haverhill yesterday, the guest of friends.

Hon. Frank Jones is expected home from his European trip, on Thursday.

Roadmaster C. L. R. French of the Boston and Maine railroad was here today.

Mrs. Sula Abbott of Emery Mills, Me., is the guest of friends and relatives in Kittery.

Col. Ham. E. R. Brown, I. Smith Brewster and Frank B. Williams of Dover were in town today.

Lieut. Commander William E. Winder has received many hearty congratulations upon his promotion.

Hon. Frank Jones and J. H. Farrington are due to arrive in Boston tomorrow from their trip abroad.

Senator W. E. Chandler has completed his fishing trip down in Maine and has returned to Waterloo.

Mrs. Eugenia Cobbett of Northwest street left on Tuesday for a two weeks' visit among friends in Knox, Me.

Howard F. Hill of Concord will visit this city during the week to arrange for the outing of the New Hampshire Press association.

Congressman Cyrus A. Sulloway dined with several Portsmouth people at Rockingham Junction on Tuesday afternoon.

Judge Calvin Page and his law partner, John H. Bartlett, the next postmaster of Portsmouth, have been in town today.—Concord Monitor.

Hon. Calvin Page, J. S. H. Frink, John H. Bartlett and Judge S. W. Emery were in Concord on Tuesday attending the full bench term of court.

A SOUVENIR FOR THE PRESIDENT.

Capt. Coghlan To President McKinley.

Capt. J. B. Coghlan, U. S. N., of the Raleigh has just had completed an elegant souvenir of the war, to be presented to President McKinley. It is a case made from the Rana Christina, sunk at Manila, with a ferule from a piece of metal from the Raleigh. A gold head finely engraved has just been completed at Hutchinson & Co., and the handsome gift will be forwarded this week.

The gift is in honor of the President's visit to the Raleigh while she was at Philadelphia.

### POLICE COURT.

John Carey and Henry Quinn got into an argument on Water street last evening and were arrested for drunkenness. In police court this morning before Judge Emery they pleaded guilty and were both assessed \$3 and costs taxed at \$6.19.

George A. Trafton pleaded not guilty to keeping an unlicensed dog. According to the respondent he misheard the age of the dog as told him by the man from whom the animal was purchased. He was ordered to pay costs at \$2.22.

### PREPARING FOR THE OIL.

The B. & M. railroad is ballasting its roadbed with crushed stone through the central part of the city, and this is being done in preparation for the oiling that is to take place in the near future. All along the system similar work is being done.

### TAKEN SUDDENLY ILL.

Charles E. Small of Dover, employed on the navy yard, came down from the up river city this morning and was taken suddenly ill. He was removed to the baggage room where a physician was summoned. The sick man was placed on the next train and taken back to Dover.

'Tisn't safe to be a day without Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the house. Never can tell what moment an accident is going to happen.

## BOARD OF INSTRUCTION.

Annual Meeting and Election of Teachers For Ensuing Year.

The annual meeting of the board of instruction was held on Tuesday evening, with Mayor Page as chairman and Superintendent Morrison as secretary. Every member was present.

Lucy C. Ballow was elected teacher of drawing, Harriet M. Henrich teacher of sewing, George D. Whittier teacher of music.

The janitors were elected as follows: Charles W. Dennett, Farragut; Ernest Prefrout, Franklin; Robert W. Phinney, Whipple; George E. Barsante, Cabot, and Edward Caswell, Haver.

Teachers were elected as follows: Nellie F. Peirce, Blanche Lamprey, Annie H. Morrison, Alice J. Newton, Emma F. Riley, Annie L. Lamprey, Carrie W. Knox, Grace C. Smith, Florence A. Ham, Josephine Page, Ada D. Andrews, Mary A. Ayman, John L. Mitchell, Harriet A. Seavey, Dorothy M. Coleman, Ida F. Shackley, Ellen A. Newton, Mabel Farrington, Mary E. Prescott, Lena Stover, Maria D. Jarvis, Eliza Beth A. McDonough, Minette D. Hayes, Mabel N. Luce, Anna D. Rand, Alvah H. M. Curtis, Margaret J. Loughton, Mildred Rottwell, Martha Farrington, Grace M. Kenniston, Bertha Martin, Anna C. Abbott, Anna L. McDonough, Anna S. Wood.

Henry C. Morrison was re-elected superintendent for the ensuing year.

The superintendent was authorized to employ an additional kindergarten teacher at the Spaulding school.

APPOINTMENTS AT THE NAVY YARD.

Two Important Places Filled There Today with Good Salaries Attachable.

Two important appointments have been made at the navy yard today.

William Brown of Philadelphia has been appointed master shipfitter, outside, at this naval station with a salary of \$7 per day. This is a new office at this station.

Augustus Stevenson of Kittery, formerly master boat builder at this yard and now foreman laborer at the Boston yard has been appointed master shipwright to succeed the late William F. Noyes at a salary of \$5.50 per day.

Master shipwright Stevenson is one of the best known residents of Kittery and has been connected with the yard for many years. He will prove a valuable man in his new position and his hosts of friends in Kittery and on this side will rejoice over his success.

Master shipfitter Brown comes to this yard from the ship yard of William Cramp and Sons, where he has filled several important positions. He has also worked at the League island yard under Naval Constructor Hanscom.

### STUCK IN THE MUD.

Three Youngsters Have a Tough Experience in the Mud Flats.

Three boys had a tough experience in North Pond on Tuesday afternoon and one of them will not repeat it in a hurry.

It seems that the youngsters stripped off their clothes and started to wade out across the flats to the channel. When about three hundred feet from the shore they sank in the mud nearly to their hips and were unable to move.

Their plight was discovered by their companions on the bank and they gave the alarm. People gathered on the shore of the pond but could render no assistance until a small boy was equipped with a long line and sent out to the rescue. The line was tied finally beneath the arms of the boys and they were brought to safety, very much frightened and literally covered with mud from head to toe.

### OVER \$366,000 INVOLVED.

The case of Calvin Page, administrator of the will of Marcellus Eldredge, vs. the Eldredge Public Library of Chatham, Mass., et al., is on the docket of the June law term of the supreme court which opened in Concord yesterday.

Mr. Eldredge, who had been mayor of Portsmouth, and prominent in the management of many large corporations, died suddenly on March 12, 1898, at the Touraine in Boston. Later on the same night his widow died at the Elliott hospital in Roxbury. She left no will, while that of Mr. Eldredge made several large bequests. The estate is inventoried at \$1200 in real property and \$366,956 in personal.—Haverhill Gazette.

### ENFORCE THE LAW.

The nude bathing along the Portsmouth and Dover railroad between Noble's island and Freeman's point should be prohibited. Several ladies who arrayed themselves to walk along the embankment on Tuesday, were obliged to turn back because a crowd of men and boys were bathing at the bridge in an entirely nude state. There is a law relative to such matters and it should be enforced.

## CITY BRIEFS.

A marsechann gives you pleasure. There's comfort in the brain. Of joy you had full measure.

With machine and fire. So the men prefer a black cigar. To drive dull care away.

But best of all of these by far. Is "Grandair's" pipe of clay.

Sawtelle's circus is on the New Hampshire circuit.

The small boy is sorry that the circus has come and gone.

The popular cigar at all the clubs is Double Honest ten.

A store not far from Market square was entered last evening.

Tomorrow night's city meeting promises to be an interesting one.

The small boy enjoys himself in swimming these warm days.

Three drunks were booked by the police Tuesday up to midnight.

The electric did a rushing business to the beach on Tuesday evening.

Dover High plays Portsmouth High in this city next Saturday afternoon.

Meloon's big backboard brought a big party to this city Tuesday evening.

The board of fire engineers held their regular monthly meeting Tuesday evening.

Thunder showers were conspicuous by their non-appearance on Tuesday evening.

Photographs of the gun that fired the first shot at Manila are being sold in this city.

The Battery M boys are to give a Jance in Pythian hall, Newcastle, Friday evening.

Captain J. B. Coghlan, U. S. N., would make a hustling officer for this naval station.

Three drunks and one for safe keeping registered at police headquarters this morning.

Joseph A. Randall has been elected janitor of the High school by the High school committee.

The "S. G." Londres is made of the choicest stock and is the best ten cent cigar in the market.

Greenland was visited by a small cyclone on Monday afternoon and a number of trees were uprooted.

A delegation from this city will witness the Andover-Exeter baseball game in the latter town Saturday.

The wind changed shortly after eleven o'clock Tuesday evening and the temperature dropped several degrees.

Have your shoes repaired by John W. Mott, 84 Congress street. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hand sewed work a specialty.

Most of the officers of the U. S. S. Raleigh are stopping at the Rockingham until the ship goes out of commission.

Don't forget the Spaulding bicycle, it is made on honor. An honest bicycle at honest prices, \$40, \$50, \$60 and \$75, at 70 Pleasant street. Woods.

Officer Holbrook was summoned to Dover street early this morning where he discovered a hobo curled up on the sidewalk enjoying a good sleep.

A few local advertisers got nipped by the circus advertising fake. The town is alive with strangers soliciting advertising for many unreliable schemes.

One of the greatest treats of the season will be the reception in Philbrick hall this evening and lecture by Dr. W. J. Tucker of Dartmouth college, to which the public are invited.

The New Hampshire Press association knows where to find pleasure during the summer season. They have decided to visit "Old Strawberry Bank," and we will certainly make it pleasant for them.

All members of the W. C. T. U., having Mercy Home boxes are requested to take them to the meeting Friday at 3 p. m. as it is important that they are opened on that day. Meeting to be held in Y. M. C. A. building, Congress street.

### AT THE NAVY YARD.

Naval Constructor J. G. Tawressey, U. S. N., has been ordered to Bath on temporary duty in connection with the new ships building there.

Mate J. L. Vennard, U. S. N., has returned from a weeks leave of absence. The marines are still laughing over that item about the Yantic.

Captain Coghlan stated this morning that the Raleigh would be ready to go out of commission on Friday. All her coal will be out by Thursday night.

### TENDERED A RECEPTION.

Lieut. E. E. Capelhart, U. S. N., was tendered a complimentary reception and banquet in honor of his visit here, by Andrew P. Preston. The affair was a most pleasant and social success.

### WARNER CLUB.

The Warner club held its regular monthly meeting on Tuesday evening and transacted routine business, also admitted several new members. There was a good attendance of members and much interest manifested.

## TEA TABLE TALK.

Well, I went to the circus. I saw you there, and about six thousand others. Although, with the rest of the new paper craft, I had a coupon for a seat in the reserved section of rattan chairs and upholstered ushers, I tore it up, directly I had entered the tent and taken a breath of the Soudan atmosphere. I preferred to cast my lot with the fifty-cent crowd on the opposite side of the amphitheatre. There I was free to slip off my coat and vest, if I wanted to, and remove my collar when it wilted and drop it between the boards to the grass.

It was hot, all right. The management could have scored a ten-strike by sending men around peddling ice cakes for foot rests. Ordinarily peanuts satisfy all cravings for side luxuries at a circus, but Monday evening we yearned for something more. Wash tubs full of lemonade, (not the celebrated pink variety, but with real lemons and sugar,) electric fans and spraying fountains suspended from the roof would have just about suited us.

I would like to go to an old-fashioned single-ring circus once more, where you can see every act at your leisure. These "stupendous consolidated shows" are bewildering to a chap with only one brace of eyes. While you are watching the lady in the pea-green tights turn handsprings on her white steed in one ring, you miss the thrilling tight wire evolutions of Signor Macaroni in another ring and the marvelous leap for life of some other actor up amongst the tent poles.

I have tired of trying to watch everything in these big shows and seeing nothing. On Monday evening I tried an experiment which proved quite successful. I discovered from the programme that the acts in the first ring were intended to be duplicates of these in the third, and that half the time the very same thing was going on in all the three rings at once. I limited my attention to the ring nearest me (number one) and the stage next to it. So I saw about all the leading displays on the ground floor and had time to follow most of the aerial exhibitions.

The work of the four Hanlons on the flying trapeze interested me as much as anything. I understand that this troupe are the highest-salaried performers on Forepaugh and Sells Brothers' pay roll. They earn their money. The high-school riding of Miss Kline and William Gorman was graceful to see, and the cake walk by their horses, "Dunraven" and "Lordly," was extremely clever.

I wasn't infatuated with the Damians or the Willetts, although they have been advertised as superlative. The Jacksons did some smart bicycle riding, if you fancy that sort of thing. The bareback riding revealed no radical departure from the old business, but there was a lot of it and it was entertaining. The Davenportes were prominent in this branch of the show. Captain Woodward's trained seals showed surprising intelligence, and the elephants were as clever as ever.

Jules Carr's educated bear deserved every bit of the applause given him. This act was robbed of half its enjoyment for me, however, by the very uncomfortable plight in which I had seen Bruin an hour before in the animal tent. There, in a cage that permitted him to take but a step or two either way, with a ring through his nose and a muzzle on, and so chained that he could not raise his head erect, the creature had been panting and swaying distressingly. However, I presume his bearship wouldn't have done a thing, if let loose, except to have crunched up the juiciest looking mortal in the tent, so my sympathy is perhaps out of place.

The hippodrome races were of the real spirit. The clowns were full of antics and there were plenty of people to laugh at their fake boxing match, burlesque band and base ball foolery. High perch acts, wire acts, acrobatic feats succeeded each other rapidly and were all worth seeing.

I can't say that I believe living statues of the "Rock of Ages" class belong properly to a circus. The Gaynells made some effective posturings, however. Barring occasional criticisms, the big show is as deserving of financial support as any circus that has ever toured the land. I desire to heartily commend the Messrs. Sells for the splendid order preserved, the excellent discipline of the employees and their clean appearance and the attractive costumes of the performers.

I hope that the public meeting this evening for the introduction of our new superintendent of schools will be heartily endorsed by a generous attendance of the citizens. This will be a more general interest be awakened in this department of our municipality. The

instruction of the embryo men and women should certainly engage the serious attention of all the parents, and I trust they will improve this opportunity of meeting Mr. Morrison. I am sure that his suavity and capability in his chosen occupation will merit the cordiality of fathers and mothers and other citizens.

Women will be barred out from the Fitz-Jimmons-Jeffries fight. This is too bad, for Mrs. Fitz was the star performer at the Carson City matinee.

The collapse of the milk trust was probably due to the prolonged drought, which paralyzed the pumps of the combine.

### DANGER IN SODA.

Serious Results Sometimes Follow Its Excessive Use.

Common soda is all right in its place and indispensable in the kitchen and for cooking and washing purposes, but it was never intended as a medicine, and people who use it as such will soon regret it.

We refer to the common use of soda to relieve heartburn or sour stomach, a habit which thousands of people practice and one which is fraught with danger; moreover the soda only gives temporary relief and in the end the stomach trouble gets worse and worse.

The soda acts as a mechanical irritant to the walls of the stomach and bowels and cases are on record where it has accumulated in the inflammation or peritonitis.

Dr. Harlandson recommends as the safest and surest cure for sour stomach (acid dyspepsia) an excellent preparation sold by druggists under the name of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. These tablets are large 20-grain lozenges, very pleasant to taste and contain the natural acids, peptones and digestive elements essential to good digestion, and which taken after meals they digest the food perfectly and promptly before it has time to ferment, sour and poison the blood and nervous system.

Dr. Wernth states that he invariably uses Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets in all cases of stomach derangements and find them a certain cure not for only sour stomach, but by promptly digesting the food they create flesh and strengthen the action of the heart and liver. They are not a cathartic, but intended only for stomach diseases and weakness and will be found reliable in all stomach troubles except cancer of the stomach.

All druggists sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at 50 cents per package.

A little book describing all forms of stomach weakness and their cure mailed free by addressing the F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF  
WALL PAPER.

We have all the latest effects in chintzes, cretonnes, tapestry and opalescent papers for your rooms, and our prices for paper hanging is very low.

When you are preparing for your house painting remember we are thoroughly equipped.

J. H. Gardiner  
10 & 12 Daniel St., Portsmouth

W. E. DRAKE,  
PRACTICAL TUNER AND REPAIRER  
OF PIANOFORTES.

With Oliver Ditson Co.

Headquarters, Hoyt & Dow's Music Store,  
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

M. G. WILEY, M. D.,  
Rupture Specialist,  
2 MARKET ST., PORTSMOUTH.

Office Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 to 12 a. m.

G. E. PENDER,  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,  
Office—13 Pleasant St., Exchange Building

Hours: 10 a. m. to 12 m., 3 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Residence—3 Merrimac St.



## FREEDOM FROM BAGGY KNEES

Is enjoyed by the wearers of trousers made by us and by Scotch friends who don't wear any.

The cut of these garments has much to do with the retention of their shapely appearance. We devote much care to their making and believe our methods and the fit of the Trousers to be unequalled.

Drop in and look at the line of Trousers we are showing. The designs are exclusive and the quality excellent.

JAS. HAUGH,  
20 High Street.

OUT FOR A STROLL?

Then You Will Want a  
Delicious Dish of  
ICE CREAM.

You Can Get It At  
Taylor's.

No mistaking the fact that it is the CLEANEST and COOLEST place in town

Candies at Wholesale and Retail.

J. H. TAYLOR  
1 Congress Street.

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WIND MILLS  
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Gasoline and Hot Air Engines.

Artesian Wells Drilled.

ESTIMATES GIVEN ON APPLICATION.

EXPERIENCED MEN TO DO THE WORK

Steam, Hot Water and Hot Air Heating.

PLUMBING AND PIPING.

W. E. Paul  
39 to 45 Market St.

GONE ALL TO PIECES.

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